Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, September 6.—The German Catholic hierarchial conclave, in session in Fulda (Hesse Cassel) adopted a line of action and platform to be observed by the prelates in council in Rome. It is tolerant and independent in tone, yet in a spirit of complete submission to the call of the Holy See. The Austrian Bishop did not attend. They assemble in convention in Salzburg.

The weather is unsettled.

The *Morning Telegraph* reviews chronologically Mrs. Stowe's article on Lord and Lady Byron. It says the subject is too painful to discuss, and regards the publication as the result of indiscretion on the part of Mrs. Stowe and the publishers.

ARMAGH, Ireland, September 6.—The work of organizing the Church is progressing satisfactorily. A requisition has been prepared to ask Primates to convene a lay conference.

DUBLIN, September 6.—Cardinal Cullen has ordered prayers of thanksgiving in Catholic churches for the termination of religious ascendancy in Ireland.

Mr. Gladstone, in a note just published, says the pardon of Fenians is under consideration in the Cabinet.

The Archbishops of Armagh and Dublin have agreed to convene a lay conference, which will meet in this city in October.

LONDON, September 6.—The *Times*, in an editorial on the demands of labor, says: "The rapid spread of the fallacies of the Trades Unionists is deserving of more than mere attention. The Unions will flourish, and the association for mutual assurance and as organizations for supporting the bargains of individual laborers, they serve useful purposes. But in molesting freedom in a way which the State cannot tolerate, it is essential, not to abolish the Unions, but to convince their members of the errors they have embraced."

The *Star*, in an article on the National Labor Convention at Philadelphia, thinks the trans-Atlantic labor movements now more than ever deserve to be watched and studied by the enlightened men of all countries.

FRANCE.

LONDON, September 5—*Night.*—Private advices from Paris have been received here to-night on the subject of the actual condition of Napoleon's health. These dispatches represent that the illness of the Emperor has taken a somewhat alarming turn. His Majesty experienced an attack of the disease yesterday which occasioned him an unusual amount of extreme pain and suffering. This paroxysm subsided after a little time, but to day the Emperor feels much exhausted from its effects. No fatal result of the attack is anticipated, but the existing symptoms are of such a character that they are decidedly calculated to excite uneasiness, both in the family and the public mind.

PARIS, September 6.—The Bourse is excited. Rentes opened to-day at 70 francs 35 centimes, a heavy decline since Saturday night. To-day the Commissioners of the Bourse, in order to allay the excitement, publicly announced the health of the Emperor satisfactory.

PARIS, September 6—11 P. M.—The Emperor is better to-night.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—The *La Presse* reports that the Emperor kept his bed yesterday and received the Empress and Prince Imperial during the day, but adds that the condition of the Emperor is not considered worse.

The *Le Public* says the Emperor did not go out yesterday and his physicians counsel him to avoid fatigue.

The official journals of this afternoon declare that the Emperor's condition is not alarming.

The Senate to-day adopted the *Senatus Consultum* by a vote of 134 affirmatives to 3 negatives.

TURKEY.

LONDON, September 5.—Important advices relative to the actual existing condition of the relations between the Khedive of Egypt and the Sultan of Turkey, have been received. The Khedive promptly telegraphed to Constantinople his assent to the conditions, military, financial and tributary, which were embraced and insisted on in the Sultan's letter lately forwarded to him, thus evincing his determination to leave no excuse for any hostile action on the part of the Sultan. The Khedive is expected to arrive at Constantinople on Monday. The French Minister in Constantinople telegraphed the main points of the Sultan's letter to the Khedive before he reached Alexandria, at the same time urgently advising him to submit to its terms.

SPAIN.

MADRID, September 6.—A proposition has been made to reduce the hierarchy of Spain to five Archbishops and thirty-two Bishops.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, September 6.—The steamers City of Paris and Nebraska, from New York, arrived to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 5—*Evening.*—Consols 92⅞. American securities flat: Five-Twenty bonds at London '62, 82½; '65, 82½; '67, 81¼; '62 at Frankfort 85½. Stocks dull: Erie 23¼; Illinois 93½. French Rentes 69f. 85c.

LIVERPOOL, September 6.—Cotton market is flat; middling uplands 13½@13¾d.; Orleans 13¾d.; sales amounted to 6,000 bales. California white Wheat sold at 11s. 3d.; red western 10s. 1d. Western Flour 25s. 6d. Corn 30s. 3d. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. Pork 108s. 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 76s. 6d. Cheese 61s. 6d. Bacon 67s. Turpentine 26s.

LONDON, September 6.—Tallow 46s. 6d. @46s 9d. Sugar 40s.@40s. 6d.

ANTWERP, September 6.—Petroleum 56 francs.

HAVRE, September 6.—Cotton market quiet.

ANTWERP, September 6.—*Evening.*—Petroleum quiet at 55¾ francs.

FRANKFORT, September 6.—*Evening.*—American bonds firm; '62 closed at 86f.

PARIS September 6.—*Evening*—Bourse closed firm. Rentes have advanced to 70f. 2c.

FEARFUL CASUALTY.

Fire at a Coal Mine—Two Hundred Men and Boys Thought to be Suffocated by the Closing of the Shaft.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SCRANTON, PA., September 6—Great excitement here in consequence of the burning of a beaker at Avondale mine, Plymouth, about twenty miles south of this city. There are two hundred men and boys in the mine, and the shaft, the only means of escape, is choked by forty feet of burning coal and rubbish. Ventilation is totally stopped and there are great fear that some, if not all, will be suffocated.

PLYMOUTH, Pa., September 6.—Fire broke out this morning in the flue and bottom at Steuben shaft, owned by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company in this place, and in a short time the whole beaker and out-building were in flames, and the hoisting apparatus, the only avenue of escape for the miners, destroyed. All efforts to stay the flames were unavailing and the whole structure fell, filling up the shaft. Over two hundred men are in the shaft and have no communication out, with no chance for air, as the only way for getting air into the shaft was through the main opening, and that was filled with the burning timbers and debris of the flames. It is feared the whole number have been suffocated by smoke or perished for want of air.

The fire departments of Scranton, Wilkesbarre and Kingston are playing streams down the shaft for the purpose of quenching the fire, so that the rubbish can be cleared out and the condition of the men ascertained. It will probably take till to-morrow morning before tidings can be received from them.

The scene is heartrending. Families are congregated in great numbers. Miners from all parts of the country are there at work, and merchants, and, in fact the whole population of the town, have turned out to assist.

The loss by fire will amount to about $100,000, partly covered by insurance.

All the physicians of the vicinity have been summoned to attend when the condition of the men is ascertainad. The affair has cast a gloom upon the whole community and business is almost entirely suspended.

The miners only resumed work to-day after a suspension of about three months. Among the men in the mines is Mr. Hughes, the Superintendent.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

SCRANTON, Pa., September 6, 10 P. M.—The latest information from the Avondale mine states that the shaft was cleared and two men went down and penetrated sixty or seventy yards to a gangway door, which they could not force open. They found three dead mules outside the door, and sulphurous fumes were pouring out through the door. No signs of life were discovered, and it is feared all are dead.

LATER AND STILL WORSE.

PLYMOUTH, Pa., August 6.—10 P. M.—After the rubbish from the bottom of the shaft was cleared away two miners descended in a bucket and sent word up to send down a pick and shovel to clear the doors with. The bucket was brought up and two men started down with the tools. As they started the men at the bottom requested them to hurry, and on their reaching the bottom both were found dead. No hopes are entertained for the men in the shaft—all are supposed to have perished. The black damp is very bad here.

The fire began at ten o'clock this morning. All experts are agreed that it must have communicated from the ventilating furnace to the wood work at the bottom of the shaft, which is three hundred and twenty-seven feet below the surface. The flames then rushed with great violence up the shaft and broke out in the engine room at the top. The engineer barely escaped with his life. The buildings covering the mouth of the shaft were one hundred feet high and two hundred feet long, all of wood and dry as tinder. They were almost instantly enveloped in flames, and it was impossible to reach the mouth of the shaft to help the men below.

Dispatches just received from Avondale say Thomas W. Williams, of Plymouth, and David Jones, of Grand Tunnel, who went down to make further investigations, were suffocated to death. On a second attempt Williams' dead body was brought out by David A. Davis and Benjamin Jones. Thomas Williams went down and dragged David Jones some distance to the foot of the shaft, when he was compelled to come up. John and Isaac Thomas then went down and brought up the body. All who attempted to go down are now out alive except Williams and Jones. No further attempts will be made to go down until a small engine is rigged.

The loss by the burning of the Avondale mines' works is $80,000 to $100,000, not counting the loss by the stoppage of mining. This mine had been involved in a strike for over three months, but resumed work last Thursday and was producing four hundred and fifty tons of coal per day. The works were built in 1867, and it will take from four to six months to rebuild.

It will take until five A. M. to-morrow to get a small engine to work to drive a fan at the mouth of the shaft and force air in through a canvass hose. All who have been down say it is very hot, and loud calls have failed to elicit any answer.

The only hope for the two hundred and two men in the mine is that they may have shut themselves in a remote part of the working, entirely away from the draft.

Several hundred men with tools were taken from here this evening with the idea of driving a gangway from a neighboring mine into the Avondale workings, but as it must be solid rock cutting this means would probably not relieve the imprisoned men in time. The distance to be cut is variously estimated at from twenty to sixty feet, and the time required two or three days.

It has been feared that the ventilating furnace at Avondale would some day fire the shaft, as it was a very dry mine. The danger to life is very great in a mine which has but one means of entrance and exit. It is thought Avondale is but one of many mines in the same condition. It is to be hoped the next Legislature will not, as so many previous ones have done, refuse to pass a stringent law for the protection of miners and inspection of mines.

—Ex-President Johnson still lingers in Nashville, having been there some ten days scheming for election to the U. S. Senate.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 6.—We are in receipt of the following cable dispatch, addressed to private parties in this city:

"LONDON, Sept. 6.—2 P. M.—There is a panic in Germany on account of the receipt of bad news from France."

The steamers City of Washington and Minnesota have arrived from Liverpool.

Fernando Palmo, formerly well known proprietor of Palmo's Opera House, died yesterday aged eighty five.

Steamers Holsatia and Virginia, from Europe, arrived to-night.

The family of President Grant arrived here this afternoon, and will remain at Mr. Corbin's house until his return from Washington.

William Nuns was arrested to-day and held for examination on a charge of swindling about a dozen firms in this city out of between $30,000 and $40,000 worth of merchandise, purchased from them and shipped by his order to Cincinnati, on his representation that he was an agent of Wood & Yateman, proprietors of the Cumberland Iron Works, at Cumberland, Tenn. That firm repudiate him, and say he has not been authorized to do any business for them.

The steamer Russia, from Liverpool, Sept. 28th, and Queenstown, 29th, arrived to-night.

The fire and wrecking steamer John Fulton, belonging to the Metropolitan Fire Department, left yesterday for Philadelphia, where she is to try to force the water from the Schuylkill river into the Fairmount reservoir.

The Atlantic and Eckford base ball clubs played the first of a series of games for the championship to-day, with following result:

Atlantics	2 4 7 1 5 9 9 0 8—45
Eckfords	2 0 4 12 3 1 0 0 3—25

THE INDIANS.

Councils Held by the Special Commissioners.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FORT HARKER, September 6.—Messrs. Felix R. Brunot, Wm. E. Dodge and Nathan Bishop, U. S. Special Indian Commissioners, reached Fort Harker on Saturday evening, having left Medicine Bluff on the 23rd of August. They held a council on the 21st, at which all the principal chiefs of the Camanches, Kiowas, Wachitas and affiliated bands were present, Satanta, Jahabit, Milky Way, Archtaytadus, Buffalo, Good Moorra, Shaking Hand, and others, made speeches, and said they would now walk in the white man's path, and want the Washington Father to send good men to show them the road. All the Camanches are now in, and will probably remain on the reservation. The Commissioners do not place much reliance on the promises of Satanta and the Kiowas. The issue of better rations is all that will hold them. The Commissioners held a Council with the Cheyennes and Arapahoss at Camp Supply on the 10th, which resulted in an agreement with Medicine Arrow, chief of the Cheyennes, that he would immediately bring all the northern Cheyennes to the Camp on the North Fork of the Canadian if the Commissioners would promise them protection on their way down, which was promised. Full reports of the Council have been sent to Gen. Parker by mail.

CINCINNATI.

Suicide of a Merchant—Catholics and the Public Schools—The Supervisor Investigation.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 6.—Robert Dorge, dry goods merchant, committed suicide by taking morphine. He was found dead in his bed this morning.

In the school board to-night a resolution was offered to put the bible and singing sacred songs out of the public schools, in order to remove the objections of the Catholics against them; also, a motion to appoint a committee to confer with the Catholic Church authorities as to the terms on which Catholic parents will send their children to schools. The resolutions were ordered to be printed and made the special order on next Monday night.

Gen. Young returned to the city Saturday night. He brings papers exonorating him fully of all the charges preferred against him in the recent investigation. He will not go to Arkansas, but will at once enter on the duties of his office as Supervisor of Internal Revenue for Southern Ohio.

Weather sultry and raining at 11 P. M.

Revenue Officer Shot.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 6.—About noon to-day a party of ruffians went into Keenan's liquor shop, corner of Front and Arch streets, and after enquiring for Keenan, asked "where is Brooks?" Jas. Brooks, a United States Internal Revenue officer, who happened to be present, replied he was the man, when one of the ruffians shot him with a revolver. Brooks' wound is probably mortal, as the ball passed through his lungs. The assassin escaped. The store was under seizure at the time.

The assassins drove to the store in a carriage and escaped by the same conveyance. Mr. Brooks was appointed a government detective to prevent illicit distillation, and the assault was undoubtedly in revenge for his successful efforts in detecting frauds.

The Lord Byron Scandal.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., September 6.—The St. Joseph *Herald* of to morrow will contain a remarkable article in reference to Mrs. Stowe's Byron scandal. The data from which it is made up was furnished in 1861 by a son of Lord Byron, Major George Gordon Byron, who was then in St. Louis and connected with General Fremont's army.

Most Welcome Rain.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 6.—A storm from the Northeast commenced at seven this evening. The fall of rain has not been copious as yet, but it is hoped it will affect the Schuylkill river and put the water works in good condition. The fire steamer John Fuller, of New York, arrived this morning and will go into service to-morrow.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, September 6, 1869.

CONDITION OF SECRETARY RAWLINS.

At five o'clock this morning Secretary Rawlins' cough was more troublesome and respiration more difficult. At eleven to-day he was asleep. One of the watchers was General J. E. Smith. Nourishment and stimulants have been frequently administerd, the physicians hoping to sustain his fast waning strength until the return of General Grant, who is expected this afternoon.

DEATH OF SECRETARY RAWLINS.

Secretary Rawlins died at 4:12 this afternoon.

HIS LAST MOMENTS.

At seven o'clock this morning, Secretary Rawlins was in a tolerably comfortable condition. He spoke to Gen. John E. Smith and Commissioner Parker with his customary earnestness on various subjects, and inquired whether they thought he would recover his health or again rise from his bed. To this question General Smith said he feared not, and asked whether he had any wish to express with regard to the disposition of his remains in case he would die. He replied he would leave that with his friends, but he did not desire to have an ostentatious or expensive funeral. During the afternoon Secretaries Cox and Robeson came into the chamber, when the former read the following telegram:

"*Concord, Mass.*, September 6.—If Gen. Rawlins is living, convey to him the assurance of my respect and affection, and of the sorrow with which I learn the condition of a friend so highly valued, a man so upright, able and faithful. God bless and keep him.

[Signed] "E. R. HOAR."

Secretary Rawlins said with deep emotion, "I am very grateful to the Attorney General for his love and I wish you to say so to him." At about three o'clock Dr. Peterson was left in charge, Dr. Bliss and Surgeon General Barnes having been obliged by other duties to leave for a short time. Doctor Peterson, a few minutes to four o'clock, observed a marked change in the condition of the patient, whose pulse had become very irregular. He remarked to Gen. Giles A. Smith that he was sinking very fast and had but a few minutes to live, and requested him to send for Surgeon Gen. Barnes. About this time there was read to him a telegram from Lieut. Gen. Sheridan, addressed to Gen. Sherman, dated Chicago, September 6th, as follows:

"Will you please give my love to Secretary Rawlins. All the officers here send their love to him."

With scarcely breath to speak, he said "General Sheridan is very kind. I appreciate and am very grateful for his kindness. If the love of my friends could do it, I would soon be a healthy man."

About five minutes past four he asked some one to raise him. Dr. Bliss, who had returned, adjusted the pillows under his back, while Dr. Peterson held him up. His eyes at once became fixed, and without a struggle he died at twelve minutes past four o'clock.

There were present Secretaries Cox and Robeson, Postmaster General Cresswell, General Giles A. Smith, Gen. J. E. Smith, Commissioner Parker, James Rawlins, brother of deceased, General O. O. Howard, Mr. Chadwick, Surgeon General Barnes, Dr. Bliss, Dr. Peterson and the servants in attendance.

During the day the late Secretary often expressed a strong desire to see President Grant, asking "when will he come," but was fearful he would not live long enough to do so. Yesterday afternoon, while Secretaries Robeson, Cox and Postmaster General Cresswell were sitting at his side, the first named remarked, "General Rawlins, I am very sorry to see you so sick." To which the General replied, "Mr. Secretary, so far as I am personally concerned, as a member of the Cabinet, I have met with you for the last time. You will never see me there again." The company were deeply affected but made no reply.

Soon after the death of Secretary Rawlins his body was embalmed and dressed in the uniform of a Major General. Col. Dayton, Chief of Gen. Sherman's staff, and Capt. Johnson, of the Medical Department, to night sit up with the corpse.

ARRIVAL OF GEN. GRANT.

President Grant, accompanied by Private Secretary Porter, arrived at Washington by special train from Baltimore at twelve minutes past five o'clock, and was met at the station by Gen. Sherman. He at once proceeded to the residence of General Giles A. Smith, where he learned that Secretary Rawlins had been dead for an hour. The President was much affected while gazing upon the lifeless form of his friend, and expressed deep regret that owing to the non-delivery of telegrams at Saratoga he was prevented from sooner starting for Washington.

President Grant, on returning to the Executive Mansion, transmitted the following dispatch, namely:

"*Mrs. Mary E. Rawlins*, Danbury, Conn.: Your beloved husband expired at twelve minutes after four o'clock this afternoon, to be mourned by a family, friends who loved him for his personal worth and services to the country, and a nation who acknowledge their debt of gratitude to him. On consultation with friends it is determined that he shall be buried in the Congressional burying grounds, as the most appropriate place, unless you have other suggestions to make. The time of the funeral is not arranged, but probably will take place on Thursday next.

[Signed] "U. S. GRANT."

Colonel Douglass, Assistant Private Secretary to the President, has been telegraphed to return from Virginia, and is expected to-morrow night.

FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

An informal cabinet meeting was held to night at the Executive Mansion, there being present Secretaries Cox, Robeson, and Postmaster General Cresswell, with the President, and for a short time General Sherman and other army officers. The object of the meeting was to mature arrangements for the funeral of the late Secretary of War.

It has been decided the funeral shall take place Thursday morning at ten o'clock. The remains are to be escorted to the Congressional Cemetery, which has been deemed an appropriate place for the burial. These arrangements are, however, subject to any modification the widow of the late Secretary may suggest, or perhaps to such action as may be taken by his own State, Illinois, the following telegram having been forwarded to Governor Palmer by General John E. Smith:

"*Washington, September* 6.—5 P. M.—General Rawlins died at twelve minutes past four this afternoon. Has Illinois any wish to express with regard to the disposition of his remains?"

To-morrow morning the military take charge of the body, when it will be removed to the War Department to lie in state, a catafalque being in course of erection for that purpose. It will be guarded by a detachment of cavalry and artillery. The funeral escort is to be under command of Col. Barry, U. S. A.

To-morrow the public departments will be closed, in accordance with an order issued by the department of State.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT ORDER.

Commissioner Delano to-day issued the following order:

"All parties having claims in this office, and all attorneys, claim agents or other persons acting in their behalf, or having business with this office, shall be required to communicate the same in writing, addressed to the Solicitor of Bureau, through the mails. No person whatever not connected with the office by official relations shall be allowed interviews with its clerks or employes, except by express permission of the Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner Douglass, or the Solicitor."

THE PHILADELPHIA ASSASSINATION.

Commissioner Delano has instructed Supervisor Dutton to offer a reward of $5,000 for the arrest of the party who assaulted Internal Revenue Collector Brooks, at Philadelphia, to-day, provided the latter at the time of the assault was acting in the performance of his official duties.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

A comparative statement of the revenue receipts of March, April, May, June, July and August, 1868, with the same months this year, shows an increase for the latter of $8,357,397. To-day's receipts were $857,000.

CHICAGO.

Shipping Business—The Episcopal Imbroglio—The Anti-Coal Monopoly—Printers vs. Reporters at Base Ball.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, September 6.—The shipping business of Chicago for the past month is shown by the following figures: Total number of vessels arrived, 2,128; crews, 19,119; tonnage, 486,192. Total number of clearances, 10,611; crews, 18,447; tonnage, 474,294.

The question of admitting ladies to Medical Colleges will be discussed at the next meeting of the Chicago Medical Society.

Rev. Dr. Rylance, Rector of St. James Church, preached yesterday morning. Between Bishop Whitehouse and Rev. Mr. Cheney, he took strong ground in favor of the Bishop and in condemnation of the Rector, and in substance indorsed the action of the former as a proper step toward weeding the church of seismatics.

At a meeting of the anti-coal monopolists on Saturday evening, it was resolved that Messrs. C. B. Farwell, C. B. Fargo and Wm. H. Tierner of this city be and are hereby constituted an executive committee, whose duty it shall be to control the funds of the subscribers for the purchase of coal, in conformity with the object of this meeting, having full and entire control of all matters relating to the purchasing, shipment and distribution of the coal as contemplated, with power to procure an agent to make purchases.

A base ball game in this city, to-day, between the newspaper reporters and printers, resulted in favor of the latter by a score of 42 to 21.

LATEST FROM CUBA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, September 6.—Foreign residents of this city, principally the Germans, are enlisting to act as a volunteer reserve battalion when the present volunteers take the field. The foreigners this morning presented a letter to Captain General De Rodas, containing the above offer, and it was accepted by him.

Eight hundred insurgents surprised four hundred volunteers and repulsed them. General Puello, with four hundred troops, marched to the assistance of the volunteers, but the insurgents refused to give battle.

On the 16th of August the insurgents, several thousand strong, commanded by General Queseda, General Cespedes being present, made an attack on Los Tunas, losing two hundred and fifty killed. The garrison of Los Tunis consisted of four hundred and fifty troops, of which one hundred were killed and wounded. The fight lasted nine hours. The result is not stated. Gen. Benegasi arrived at Los Tunas the day afterward with a convoy. He had skirmishing all along the road and sustained a slight loss.

Patent Powder Accident.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PORTLAND, Me., September 6.—A keg of patent powder exploded at lake Sibago Friday afternoon, at the Portland water company's works, where three men were blasting, blowing the men some distance and burning and wounding them considerably. The men are still alive, but two, it is feared, are fatally injured. The accident was occasioned by knocking out the bung with a stick which had been used in nitro-glycerine.

The California Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, September 6.—At a meeting of the Board of Supervisors, Mayor McCoppin and other defeated Democratic candidates demanded a recount of the entire vote of the city and county of San Francisco, and brought charges of fraud against the commission appointed to count the vote.

Senator Fessenden's Condition.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PORTLAND, ME., September 6.—Senator Fessenden continues the same as during last night.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Ex-Governor Worth, of North Carolina, died Sunday night.

—It is believed that Secretary Seward has abandoned his projected visit to Mexico.

—The revenue of the Dominion, August 1st, was $389,279; expenditure $737,387.

—The National Horse Fair at Williamsport, Pa., has been postponed until October 19th, to continue four days.

—The Jewish new year was very generally observed by the Hebrews yesterday, and the ceremonies will continue to-day.

—Michael Moran was committed to jail at St. Louis, yesterday, in default of $5,000 bail, for dealing in counterfeit greenbacks.

—Nearly $100,000 accident insurance was placed on the St. Louis delegates to the Commercial Convention before they left for Keokuk.

—Jose Rivas Palacios was shot on the 15th ult., at the entrance to the National Theater, in the City of Mexico, by Senor Torres, son of the editor of the Mexican *Monitour*.

—Additional packages of goods belonging to Perry Fuller have been seized at St. Louis to satisfy an attachment in favor of the First National Bank of Washington City.

—The Coroner of St. Louis held seventy-eight inquests last month. The most prominent causes of death were: sun stroke 21; drowning 13; apoplexy 15; suicide 9; accidents 9; intemperance 6.

—Sixty laborers on the Wilbrook division of the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad ceased work yesterday, complaining they were overworked. They were paid off and dismissed. No trouble ensued.

—The large stable of DeForrest, at Staten Island, with three valuable horses, Moffatt's stable, four tenement and three dwelling houses, were all burned Sunday afternoon. Loss thirty thousand dollars.

—A fire in the Auburn (N. Y.) State prison, Monday morning, destroyed the lumber sheds, store houses and tool shops. The loss is $10,000; partially insured. Hayden & Litchforths, hame contractors, lose about $15,000; State loss small.

—At Philadelphia, yesterday afternoon, from six to eight thousand persons witnessed the base ball match between the Haymakers, of Lansingburg, and the Athletics. Score:

Haymakers	1 1 4 3 0 0 5 0 3—17
Athletics	0 1 1 2 2 5 2 1 6—18

—Much activity prevails at Albany, N. Y., among those interested in the Susquehanna Railroad election, which takes place to-day. Mr. Fisk and others of his party are here. The impression is the Ramsey interest will carry the election.

—Webb Smith, chief clerk in Gray & Kirkman's hardware store, Nashville, died Monday morning of a wound received on Friday previous by an accidental pistol shot from the hands of a customer to whom he had sold the pistol. He was a brother-in-law of General Cheatham.

—A northeast wind, which had been prevailing at New Orleans for the previous two days, increased to a gale Monday morning, and there was unabated rain continuously throughout the day. The extent of the storm was unknown. Damage to shipping and crops is apprehended.

—Monday morning three prisoners in the Lancaster county (Pa.) jail made their escape. Two of them, negroes, picked the locks of their cells, gained access to the corridor, seized and bound the keeper, secured his keys, opened the cell of a white man named Curtis, and with him made their escape.

—News from along the Arkansas and White rivers says the cotton crops are splendid and the balls opening finely. From along the Mississippi for two hundred miles below Memphis the drouth has cut off the crop one-third. The young balls are shedding off and only the lower or bottom ones will mature.

—A. T. Stewart, of New York, has telegraphed to the insurance agents at St. Louis, to place risks on his goods in St. Louis companies to the amount of $500,000. Claflin & Co. and Jeffreys & Co., of New York, have risks in St. Louis companies to the amount of $120,000 each, and Field, Leiter & Co. have $100,000.

—Part of the crew of the British bark Ezra, ashore on Body's Island, have arrived at Norfolk. They report that in attempting to reach shore in a small boat, Captain Hartes, his wife, the chief mate, one boy and two seamen named Peter Hanson and Peter Williamson, were drowned. The vessel will probably be a total loss.

—A negro named John Fleet was shot and instantly killed yesterday, at Indianapolis, by a white man, a carpenter, named George Davidson. They had some words on Saturday and renewed the quarrel, when Davidson drew a pistol and shot Fleet in the temple, killing him instantly. Davidson was arrested and is in jail.

—At Philadelphia, yesterday, the argument commenced in the great contested election case, before the Court of Common Pleas, involving all the officers of the municipal government who received certificates last October. The evidence taken fills four thousand pages, and the argument will occupy all this week, if not longer. A decision will not be given before the close of the month.

—The three companies of militia that have been doing duty in the neighborhood of Lebanon, Kentucky, for the past four or five weeks, returned to Louisville yesterday afternoon. They have been relieved by a company of thirty-five mounted men from Medway, Kentucky, who are thoroughly acquainted with the localities where the regulators carry on their plundering and murderous operations.

—Governor Hoffman, of New York, has appointed the following named gentlemen delegates to the Southern Commercial Convention, to be held at Louisville, Ky., on the 12th of October: Horatio Seymour, Horace Greeley, Samuel Campbell, A. A. Low, Cornelius K. Garrison, Wm. C. Bryant, Henry C. Murphy, Frederick A. Conklin, Erastus Brooks, Wm. M. Tweed, George Oppyke, Marshall O. Roberts, Wilson G. Hunt, Fred P. James, Ira Harris, John Tracy, Henry Burden, Israel Hatch, Ezra Cornell, Delos Deiralf, Homer Ramsdell, Thos. Cornell, E. E. Davis, Freeman Clark, Wm. Kelly, Geo. F. Comstock, Thos. G. Alvord, Henry A. Richmond.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE BOY MAGICIAN;

OR,

The Secrets of the Sea.

CHAPTER I.

THE PRISONER OF MID-OCEAN.

Late one summer afternoon, a dozen years ago, a solitary white man stood before an idolatrous temple on an island in the South Pacific.

He was of middle age, tall, thin, and gaunt, with rugged features and sorrowful eyes, and with every sign of goodness and intelligence.

Beside him was a grim stone idol, in grotesque human form, more than twice as tall as himself, which he had just finished, as was indicated by the mallet and chisel in his hands.

"It is done," he muttered. "And these heathen little suspect that I have cut my name and story into the base of this idol."

He ran his eye rapidly over the inscription in question. It was as follows:

"The 8th of May, 1852, I, David Lester, of the firm of Lester & Nichols, of Norfolk, Virginia, sailed as a passenger from Charleston for Hong Kong, *via* Cape Horn, in the ship 'Hecla.' A cyclone struck us in mid-ocean, the ship foundered, and we took to the boats, which all filled, with the exception of the one I was in. After drifting several days, during which my companions perished, I reached this island. The idolatrous inhabitants made me a slave in their temple, and for more than four years I have been doing menial offices and carving images. I have been chained every night, and watched continually by day, but have nevertheless made three attempts at escape, and shall soon make another—doubtless my last, as I am resolved to succeed or die, preferring death to a longer captivity. I therefore write these words upon this idol, praying any one who may see them to report my fate, if possible, to my family, at Norfolk, Va. Finished this inscription this 7th day of July, 1857."

For several minutes the prisoner contemplated these lines in silence. and then aroused himself, looking warily around.

"Three times I have tried to escape in a canoe," he muttered, "and every time I was caught and visited with tortures. To be caught again in such an attempt will be certain death. Yet I will risk all the first opportunity that offers. This longing for freedom and my family is becoming a positive madness. Oh, my God! what is that?"

He gazed in perfect stupefaction to the eastward, far out upon the ocean.

There miles and leagues away, was a ship, her white sail gleaming as she lay becalmed upon the waters!

"A ship! a ship!" cried Lester, sobbingly. "At last, oh Heaven! At last my prayer is answered!"

THE PRISONER'S HOME.

On the east bank of the Elizabeth river, just out of Norfolk. and overlooking Hampton Roads, stood a beautiful cottage, the home of the wife and daughter of David Lester, the prisoner of the lone island in the far Pacific.

Near the close of a lovely afternoon in May, Mrs. Lester and her daughter sat together upon their front verandah.

The mother was s lovely, sweet-faced, sad-eyed woman of two and thirty years.

The daughter, Amy Lester, not yet fifteen, was a strange compound of child and woman.

"You are thinking of father, dear mother?" murmured the maiden, as she marked the lady's longing gaze.

"Yes, child. Your father, my husband: where is he? Somewhere under the sea waves, wrecked on a desert island, or languishing on a hostile shore? It is five years since he left us on that fatal voyage to China. My reason assures me that he is dead; yet, Amy, I can only think of him as living."

"It is so with me, mother," said Amy, with a tremulous quiver of her lips. "I dream often that he is living—that he is coming home!"

"We need him in a hundred ways," said Mrs. Lester, sighing. "If anything were to happen to me, Amy, I shudder to think what would become of you. You have been brought up in luxury, and would feel keenly any change to poverty."

"Are we not rich, then, mother?" asked Amy, in surprise.

"I supposed so, dear, until three years ago," replied the mother sadly. "Your father was a merchant and ship-owner, a partner of Colonel Nichols. But two years ago Colonel Nichols informed me that the outstanding debts of the firm more than balanced the assets; in short, Amy, that he was on the verge of bankruptcy, his fortune and ours alike wrecked!"

"I don't like Colonel Nichols!" said Amy, thoughtfully. "If he lost all his money with ours, how does he live in such grand style? To whom do his ships and great house belong?"

"To his nephew, Ally Bell. Colonel Nichols is Ally's guardian. The Colonel has nothing of his own, excepting a farm or two up country which were both risked in the business."

Amy contracted her little brows reflectively, and was about to reply, when the garden gate swung on its hinges, and a boyish figure came lightly up the walk.

"It's Ally, mother—It's Ally Bell!" exclaimed Amy, all smiles and blushes. "I'll bring him to you."

The young girl ran lightly down the verandah steps and met the new-comer, linking her arm in his, and drawing him gently towards the house.

He was a lad of seventeen, an orphan, the nephew and ward of Colonel Nichols. Bright and gay and handsome, Allen Bell was also impetuous, ardent and intelligent—one of those noble, manly boys who mature early into grand and noble men. Boy as he was, he loved Amy Lester with a pure and chivalrous love, which bid fair to deepen in time into the great love of his life.

He was the bearer of a letter from his uncle to Mrs. Lester, and having delivered it, he strolled with Amy down the wide garden walks into the cool shadows of a grove at the bottom of the garden.

"I've been expecting you this good while, Ally," said Amy, with charming frankness. "I thought you would be down here to try those scientific experiments to-day!"

"We'll try them to-night, Amy," replied Ally. "The blue lights show better at night. I'm getting along finely in my chemistry, Amy. I like it best of all my studies."

"I am sure you do," said Amy, earnestly. You are the nicest boy I ever saw."

Ally Bell laughed aloud. Amy's child-like simplicity and outspoken truthfulness were her greatest charm in his eyes.

"The sight of that brig yonder," said Ally, "reminds me that I promised to meet Col. Nichols on board of it directly after I delivered that letter to your mother. I must go now, but you may expect me as soon as it's dark."

He clasped her in his arms and kissed her.

For a minute the youthful lovers stood at the garden gate, towards which they had slowly walked, and here they parted soberly—Ally to go down to the brig where he had engaged to meet his uncle, and Amy to return to her mother.

She found Mrs. Lester, the open letter in her lap, silent and motionless as a statue, her attitude that of profound despair.

"What is it mother?" cried Amy, in wild alarm, springing to her side.

Mrs. Lester looked at her daughter with a woe-stricken face.

"O, Amy!" she cried, turning to that brave, childish heart for strength and comfort. "Colonel Nichols writes me that we are beggars! He reminds me that he has asked me three several times to marry him. And, Amy, he says he knows your father to be dead, and he offers himself to me for the last time. He reminds me of my ill health, of your youth and helplessness. And he says," and Mrs. Lester's voice broke down in a tempest of sobs, "that on the one hand he offers me wealth, comfort and happiness, on the other poverty and sorrow. If I refuse him, he swears to turn us out of our home to-morrow!"

"Oh, mother!" exclaimed Amy, with a sharp cry, as she hid her face in her mother's bosom.

CHAPTER II.

A DESPERATE STRUGGLE FOR LIBERTY.

Before Ally Bell reached the brig lying at the wharf, his uncle, Colonel Nichols, had been there and arranged with the Captain, who went by the name of Hiley, to carry Ally off to China, for which service the Colonel promised to give the brig and ten thousand dollars, *in case the boy never came back*. Hiley was a murderer, whose real name was Sprouls, and Colonel Nichols knew it. And Colonel Nichols had robbed Mrs. Lester, and now wanted to rob his nephew and have him murdered, and Hiley knew that and resolved that Ally Bell should never see Norfolk again.

"Where is the lad?" he asked as he and Colonel Nichols finished drinking success to their nefarious schemes, to which the Colonel replied:

"He should be here at this very moment. Ah, I hear a step on deck now! Here he comes!"

Even as he spoke Ally Bell came hurrying into the cabin, his face flushed with pleasurable excitement.

"I'm just in time to see you off, Captain Hiley," he said, not noticing the guilty looks of the conspirators. "The wind is fair, and the crew anxious. A good voyage to you Captain. Bring me some rare shells when you return. They are for a little girl's cabinet, and must be pretty.

"Aye, aye, Mr. Allen," responded the Captain heartily. "Didn't you see my collection of shells in yonder state-room? No? You are welcome to your choice of them all sir."

He advanced, and flung open the state-room door.

Ally bent forward and looked in.

With a quick thrust, Hiley pushed him into the little room, and hurriedly locked the door.

With an exultant smile Colonel Nichols said adieu, and went ashore.

The next minute the hurried trampling of feet was blended with the songs of the stout seamen, as the brig moved slowly from the wharf towards the sea.

Ally's first thought, on finding himself shut up in Captain Hiley's state-room, was that the two men were joking—merely intending to scare him a little, and then let him out; but he soon discovered that the *Quickstep*—the brig was so named—had left her wharf, and was standing down the Elizabeth river towards the ocean.

The truth flashed upon him!

"I see it all!" he cried, leaping to his feet. "Hiley is taking me to sea with him! Captain Hiley!" he shouted, pounding on the wall, "open the door, this minute! Let me out, or it will be bad for you!"

No reply was made to him—no attention paid to his cries.

He saw that he was fast,

For a moment he was stunned by the knowledge of his situation.

Then he drew up his slight, boyish figure proudly, eis eyes flashing defiance.

"The thing for me to do," he mused, "is to help myself. A boy who can't fight his own way will never be a man!"

Drawing from his pocket a match, of which he usually carried a supply, he lighted the candle in its box at one end of the state room.

"I see," he mentally commented, looking around, in the light thus furnished. "Here's a whole dray load of boxes and bundles. And here's a cannon too," added Ally—"a small one, which is expected, no doubt, to bring a big price from those simple natives in the South sea.

"I can use this thing," thought the boy, with kindling eyes. "I have plenty of powder in my pocket!"

He had bought this powder just before he came aboard of the brig, for the experiments he had promised to show Amy that very evening.

Without more ado, Ally set at work loading and firing the little cannon as rapidly as possible, smashing the door, and calling out for everypody to keep out of the way. The captain and crew were frantic with fear, as there was a large quantity of powder in the state-room, and the prospect was that the ship would be blown to atoms. Having filled the state-room and cabin with smoke, Ally seized one of the Captain's revolvers, burst open the shattered door, rushed upon deck, and leaped into the river.

"Thunder and lightning!" cried Hiley, startled beyond expression. "After that boy, all of you! Satan himself is in him! A hundred dollars to the man who first puts a hand upon him!"

With a yell, as of blood-hounds, half a dozen of Hiley's men splashed into the river, incited by the promise of money, and sprang to the pursuit, while Hiley, hastily lowering a boat, rowed after his men, whom he soon overtook, one after another, and ordered into the boat. They then pulled on after Ally, who had distanced the men while they were in the water, but who could not compete with the boat. Arriving at an old sunken schooner, a long way from the shore, the boy climbed upon the topmast, and looked back at Hiley. who was rapidly approaching. The captain felt sure of his prey, and was telling his men how to seize the boy, when Ally suddenly fell from the topmast, as if shot, and immediately sunk from sight.

"Thunder and lightning," cried Hiley, "he's gone!"

"Gone?" echoed all the men in chorus.

"Yes, gone!" and Hiley sprang to his feet, bending forward. "I saw him go! He fell back into the water, and went down like a bullet, without a cry! Pull for your lives!"

The men obeyed. The boat was quickly beside the topmast. But no trace of the boy could be found!

"I'll take my Bible oath," said Hiley, "that the young salamander has not gone towards the nearest shore—or any other. A cramp or a shark has took him!"

The eyes of the scheming villain lit up strangely, almost savagely.

"And such being the fact, men," added he, "we may as well give up the search."

The men resumed their oars, the Captain the tiller, and the boat returned in silence to the brig, *with Ally clinging quietly to the stern*—his head just far enough out of the water to enable him to breathe—and there he continued to stay until the boat returned to the brig.

And then, the boat being left in the water, at the stern of the brig, it occurred to Ally to unfasten the boat from its painter, let it drift down stream some distance, then climb into it, and row away for Norfolk, which he at once did.

For a minute or two the boat continued to speed away in the darkness.

And then Ally climbed out of the water into it, with a long sigh of relief, and seized a pair of oars resolutely.

Crouching out of sight in the bottom of the boat, he began to row shorewards—but softly, for he was still near the brig, and the night was so calm he feared his enemies would hear him.

There was only too much occasion, as it proved for this caution.

The boat had not been gone two minutes from the brig, when Captain Hiley, wishing to go ashore to see Colonel Nichols, made his way aft, and discovering its disappearance, at once sent a couple of men after it in another boat.

Ally seeing that he must again take to the water, took the oars along with him, and went drifting seaward, with nothing but a pair of oars to support him.

The night had now fully set in and the tide ran fast. Cramped and chilled by his long continuance in the water, the boy was whirled along, growing weaker every moment; but just as hope was at its ebb, he suddenly beheld a sail behind him, rapidly approaching, under the force of a freshening breeze.

"A brig, certain!" he groaned, after a long look at the nearing cloud of canvass. "It must be old Hiley's! The wind having come again, he is off for the Pacific ocean!"

He regarded the brig, as it came nearer, asking himself if he should hail her.

"Let her be what she may," he muttered "friend or foe, I must hail her! My strength is used up! I shall soon slip off from these oars and drown! Fortunately the brig is coming straight towards me. I will hail her!"

He waited till the brig was near him, and then carried his resolve into execution. His feeble call was heard and answered, and the brig hove to, a boat was lowered and he was taken aboard the stranger. The boy had only strength enough to learn that the brig was *not* Hiley's, and then he fainted.

CHAPTER III.

MORE VILLAINY.

Captain Hiley, verily believing that Ally was drowned, went ashore to inform Col. Nichols of the fact. He found the Colonel just coming from Mrs. Lester's cottage, where he had gone an hour before, and stunned Amy by informing her that Ally Bell, her lover and hero, was being carried off to sea in the *Quickstep*, and that she would never see him again.

The Colonel heard Hiley's story about Ally's disappearance with breathless interest, as they walked along the beach; after which the two villains congratulated themselves upon the boy's being thus completely taken out of their path.

While discussing the matter, they heard the sound of oars, and soon saw a boat approaching the shore opposite a cottage belonging to an old retired sailor named Nicholas Collins, which was situated at the foot of Mrs. Lester's garden. In the boat was a man, and along with him was a female, sobbing convulsiyely. Colonel Nichols, with surprise and alarm, recognized the voice of the weeper as that of Amy Lester. She and her companion left the boat and entered the cottage, from the windows of which a light soon shone. Colonel Nichols and Captain Hiley crept beneath a window, to spy and listen. They soon learned that Collins had rowed Amy off to the brig in search of Ally, and that she had there heard of his attempt to escape and his consequent death by drowning.

Amy was vehement in her denunciations of Col. Nichols, and declared that if Ally was really dead, she would raise the whole country against his uncle who had compassed his death.

On attempting to rise to go home, Amy found she was too weak to walk, and sent Collins for her mother to come to her. As soon as the old sailor left the cottage, Colonel Nichols proposed to Hiley that he should carry Amy off instead of Ally, and leave her on a plantation of his on the coast, down by Cape Henry, so as to silence her dangerous tongue, and also to give him a hold on her mother. The Captain agreed to this, and they entered the cottage coming upon Amy so suddenly that, in her weak state, she was so completely overcome that she fainted away.

"So much the better!" said Nichols, stooping and gathering her in his arms. "Now lead the way to your boat, Hiley. On our way, you must overset Collins' boat, to make him think she did it herself in a wild mood."

He hurried out of the cottage bearing his frail burden. Hiley followed hastily, and the two made their way to the spot where Collins's boat lay. It was but the work of a moment for Hiley to push off the little craft and overset it.

"There, they'll think the girl got wild with grief and was drowned in an attempt to search for Ally again!" said the Colonel exultantly, tossing Amy's white apron upon the beach. "That apron will fix the matter beyond a doubt! The wind is rising, Hiley. You had better take advantage of it!"

The two hurried to the waiting boat. Hiley laid the unconscious Amy in the bottom, and then seized the oars and rowed rapidly towards the brig.

Nichols, full of exultation, looked after the boat until it was lost to view.

"My first plan was successful!" he muttered. "Ally is dead! I am a rich man! And my second plan promises a like success! When Margaret Lester's heart is nearly broken at Amy's loss, I will offer to restore her child on condition that she will marry me' The day of my full triumph is near!"

He looked with gloating eyes seaward, exulting in his evil success, until at last, nearly an hour later, the sails of the *Quickstep* filled, and the brig moved swiftly toward the sea, taking with her Margaret Lester's only comfort—the distant father's star of hope!

CHAPTER IV.

LESTER ESCAPES AND HEARS FROM HOME.

We left David Lester on his lonely island, planning his escape, with a ship in sight from the elevated point where he was at work. He waited till night and until a priest of ths idolatrous temple came to chain him in hie dungeon, where they nightly confined him; and then suddenly leaping upon the priest, he bore him to the floor, chained and gagged him, disguised himself in his priestly robes, stained his face brown with dirt, went to the shore where the canoes were lying, entered one of them, and paddled out to sea in the direction in which he had seen the ship.

He paddled for hours with all his strength, and had gone so far that the lights of the island could not be seen, and yet no ship had been found, and now the wind was rising and a storm was threatening.

"Oh, God! Am I forsaken?" he cried, in an awful anguish, seized with a fear that the wind would take the ship from him. "Must I perish here?"

At that moment, when hope was dying, he beheld a sight that turned all his wild woe into yet wilder ecstasy.

There, to the northward, was the ship, stannding directly towards him, with all sails set to catch the rising breeze, and not half a mile away.

"Yes, there she is," he shouted. "She is coming this way. I am saved—saved!"

He raised his eyes to heaven in a mute thanksgiving and sobbed aloud, the glad tears streaming down his worn and haggard cheeks.

The ship came nearer and nearer.

He redoubled his wild shouts, his heart and soul in his voice.

An answering cry came suddenly from the ship's deck, and she drew steadily nearer swerved from her course slightly, and a rope was thrown from her deck, falling into his canoe.

He seized the rope in desperate eagerness, and a group of sailors leaning over the ship's side drew him aboard.

In an instant more the ship had resumed her course, and was moving in stately fashion before the beeeze.

"Safe at last!" murmured Lester, leaning against the bulwarks, weak and nerveless as an infant. "Oh, the gladness of this hour!"

Poor man! He did not dream at that moment that his adverse fate was even then relentlessly closing around him; that he was on one of his own ships—the *Cyclone*; that that ship was commanded by a bitter foe in league with Colonel Nichols, who, on recognizing him, would without remorse consign him again to the mercies of the Pacific in his Indian canoe.

On inquiry, Lester learned that the vessel was the *Cyclone*, and in the light of the cabin lamp recognized her Captain. Tearing off his priestly robe, and wiping the stain from his face with its coarse folds, he exclimed:

"Captain Sales, don't you know me?"

"David Lester!" cried the Captain, turning ashy pale, and grasping his stationary seat as though he had received a shock.

Lester wiped his brows and sat down, the Captain taking a seat opposite him.

He had so much to ask, that his emotions choked his utterance, and prevented him from observing the look of deadly hatred with which the Captian regarded him. But he finally plied his questions fast, and learned that his wife yet lived, that his daughter Amy had grown into a lovely girl, and that both wife and daughter had long mourned him as dead. He also learned of his wife's poverty.

"Colonel Nichols settled up the firm affairs," said the Captain, reservedly, "and there was nothing left for Mrs. Lester. She has been living on his bounty these two or three years! When your interest in this ship was sold, I bought it. The Colonel owns the other half!"

"But this is a base fraud!" exclaimed Lester. "The Colonel has been untrue to the trust I reposed in him. I have had suspicions of his integrity during my long exile, but I have never dared to entertain them. I'll make matters straight on my return. I can prove my claims and bring him to justice—the dastardly villain! My poor Margaret!" and he groaned.

Lester's threat concerning Nichols seemed to stir up all the malice of the Captain's nature. He beheld his interest in the ship, fraudulently acquired, threatened, and he hated still more the lawful owner whose right in the *Cyclone* he had usurped.

"If report speaks truly," he said, "Mr. Lester need not be called 'poor!' Colonel Nichols has long been paying her attentions, and when I left this port, five months ago, the story was that they were engaged! The Colonel told me himself that he loved her, and meant to marry her. No doubt by this time they are married!"

This cruel thrust struck home to the poor husband's heart, and uttering a great cry, he fell forward with his face upon the table, while the Captain regarded him with a look of mingled hatred and exultation. The New York Ledger containing the continuation of this story is for sale at the bookstores and news depots. Ask for the number dated Sept. 18, and in it you will get the next installment. The Ledger has the best stories of any paper in the world.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SEALS.—A photographer, Freiberg, has made seals and stamps with the portraits of his customers. A thin layer of gelatin, sensitized with bi-chromate of potash, is exposed to the action of light under a photograph positive, by which the parts acted on are rendered insoluble in water. The gelatine film is immersed in water, and the parts not acted upon by light swell up, and we obtain a picture in relief of which a plaster cast can be taken. A galvanic plastic copy being taken of the cast, we have a metallic fac-simile of the photograph, which can be employed as a seal. This process suggests a method of obtaining perfect likenesses of persons in metallic checks, for the use of the printer, and and also an admirable way of illustrating scientific books.

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It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
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PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Sept. 6, 1869.

The markets in a general way, are devoid of anything really new or important. The demand for almost everything is light, yet there is a fair volume of business in the aggregate, and prices generally are pretty well sustained.

APPLES—Sales in store at 1,50@3 per bbl,

BERRIES—Season is about over.

BUTTER—Is in good demand, particularly for prime to choice, which is being sold at 27@30.

CHEESE—Is quiet but steady, with a fair local demand, and regular sales at 15@17 cents, as to quality.

CEMENT—Johnstown Hydraulic Cement is quoted at $2,25 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—In better demand, but unchanged; we continue to quote standard brands at 29 for 25 or 50 bbl lots, and 30@31 in a retail way.

EGGS—Scarce and higher, with sales at 18.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—The demand is light, and altogether local, while prices remain unchanged. Sales of western flours, winter and springs, at $7@7,50. The stock of spring wheat flour is almost exhausted; there is not much inquiry for it, as winter commands the preference at the same price.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and unchanged, $1,30@1,35, for fair to prime red. The mills are receiving a good deal from the west, the "Pearl" alone having 16 cars reported to-day. Oats firmer in consequence of diminished receipts, but unchanged—45 in first hands, and 48@50 in store. Rye is hard to sell unless at low figures, $1,10@1,12 being about the best offers—sale 2,000 bushels at $1,10. Corn is dull but unchanged, 93@$1 for prime yellow. Sale 1 car white at 93½. Barley is quiet with no buyers above $1,25.

HAY—Is being sold from country wagons at $15 to $20.

HIGHWINES—Unsettled, under the influence of the advices from the west, and cannot be quoted correctly.

HEMP—Very dull, $205 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—White Lime is quoted at $1,50, and Cleveland at $2,50 per bbl.

LARD OIL—F. Sellers & Co. quote Extra No. 1, at 1,43, and No. 2, at 1,05@1,08

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 50@55 per pair.

PROVISIONS—The demand is fair, but unchanged. Bacon, Shoulders, 15¾; Ribbed Sides, 18½; Clear do, 19½; Sugar Cured Hams, 23@23½. Lard, 20¾ in tirces, 21 in half bbls, and 21½ in buckets and kegs. Mess Pork, $33¾@34. Dried Beef, 22.

PEANUTS—Have still further advanced, and we now quote at 15.

PEACHES—Sold in a regular way today, at $1,75@2,25 per box.

PLUMS—In steady demand, and we can report regular sales at $5 per bus uhel.

SWEET POTATOES—In good demand and scarce, and we can report sales of Jerseys at $6½@7 per bbl.

SALT—Is firmer, with sales of car load lots at $1,85 per bbl.

SEED—Small sales of timothy seed at $4,50@4,75. Nothing doing in clover and flaxseed.

TALLOW—Rendered quoted at 10¼.

WATERMELONS—Range all the way from $12 to $20 per 100.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, September 6, 1869.

The week does not open very auspiciously for the oil business, if to-day can be taken as a specimen, as there was next to nothing done. This should not be so, particularly at this season of the year, heretofore considered the best part of it. Yet here we are in the first half of September with many of our refineries idle, and others working about half time, with our shipments down to 1,000 to 1,200 per day instead of 3,000 to 4,000, as has been the case nearly every year heretofore; and worse than all is the fact that there is no indication at present of any immediate improvement. Thus far this has been one of the worst years our manufacturers have experienced in the history of trade; our shipments from January 1st to date, compared with the corresponding period last year, fall behind largely, while the exports from the United States during the same time are somewhat in excess of the same time last year; and more than this, while we have shipped less, oil our refiners, generally, have made little or no money, and even now the chances for a margin are by no means bright.

CRUDE.

Market quiet but steady—not a single sale reported. Spot or seller September, 14⅞@15; September to December, 15; buyer all year, 15¼; seller all year, 14½.

REFINED

Also very quiet—not a single sale reported, although the market is steady, and prices unchanged. September, last half, 32¾; October, 33; September to December, 33. Antwerp has advanced to 56.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c
Parker & Thompson	520 "

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	320 bbls.
Waring, King & Co	880 "
E. H. Long	320 "
Owston & Sowers	960 "
Livingston & Bro	80 "
Wesley Wilson	50 "
R. T. Leech	160 "
Burchfield & Oliver	1,000 "
Nonpariel Oil Works	483 "
Total	4,253 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Forsyth & Bro., 302 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co, 212 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Wormser, Myers & Co. 208 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 200 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, 193 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined 1,116

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co., 477 bbls ref. to to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Raslston & Waring 345 bbls ref. oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Excelsior Oil Manf. Co., 50 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined 872

Hutchison Oil & Refined Co., 319 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co. 93 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined 412

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The market opened fairly but not very active, and prices generally are steady. We have only the following changes to notice today. Stevens' linen crashes selling at annexed prices: B brown at 10½c; do bleached, 11½c; do brown, 11½c; do A brown, 13½c; do bleached, 14½c; P brown, 14½c; do bleached, 15½c; N brown, 16c; do bleached, 15½c; N N brown, 17½c. do bleached, 15½c; Will Roll brown, 18½c; do bleached, 19½c, and the workingman's blue denims are changed from 21½ to 22½ cents.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 6.—Cotton quiet and drooping, sales 500 bales at 35c for middling uplands. Flour: receipts 13,607 bbls; market dull and 5@10c lower; there was no export demand, shippers being unable to see their exchange: sales 5,100 bbls at $5,85@6,25 for superfine State and western; $6,65@7,15, extra State; $6,50@7,25, extra western; $7,30@7,40, white wheat extra; $6,70@7,25, round hoop Ohio; $6,75, $7,25@9, good choice do., closing quiet and heavy. Rye Flour quiet; sales 100 bbls at $4,50@6,40. Cornmeal scarce and quiet. Whisky dull and heavy; sales 100 bbls western at $1,10½@1,12 for free. Wheat: receipts were 48,261 bush; market dull and prices 2@3c lower; the export demand is materially checked by the difficulty in selling exchange; 112,000 bus at $1,45 for fair No. 2 spring; $1,57@1,62 for red and amber western, and $1,63@1,65 for amber Delaware. Rye dull and heavy. Barley and malt nominal. Receipts of corn 1,160. Corn scarce and 1c better with sales of 36,000 bus at $1,04@1,17 for unsound new mixed western, $1,18@1,21 for sound do, $1,22@1,25 for high mixed and western. Receipts of oats 23,240 without decided change; sales of 38,000 bushels at 65@70c for new southern and western. Stock of grain in warehouse: wheat 754,121, corn 127,-733, oats 83,920, rye 560,801, barley 5,948 bus, malt 134,870 bus, peas 14,113. Rice quiet and firmer. Coffee firm and fairly active, with sales of 3,100 bags Rio on private terms, and 500 bags Maricaibo at 18½@19¾c in gold. Sugar quiet and very firm, with sales of 600 hhds at 11¾@12c for Cuba. Molasses nominal. Petroleum quiet. Hops nominal. Linseed Oil dull at 96@98c in casks. Spirits Turpentine dull at 42c. Pork dull and heavy, with sales of 300 bbls at $31,50@31,75 for mess, closing at $31,50 cash, $31 for old do., $27,50@28 for prime, and $30@30,50 for prime mess. Beef steady, with sales of 180 bbls at $8,35@13,50 for new plain mess, and $12@17 for new extra mess. Beef Hams quiet, with sales of 95 bbls at $25@30. Cut Meats steady, with sales of 170 pkgs at 14¾@15c for shoulders, and 17@19c for hams. Middles dull, with sales of 50 boxes ice cured at 17c. Lard quiet and a shade firmer, with sales of 400 tierces at 17¼@19½c for steam, and 19¼@20c for kettle rendered. Butter steady at 16@28c for Ohio. Cheese quiet at 13@16c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and firm at 9½d per sail and 10½d per steam, with shipments of 7,000 bbls of flour at 2s 6d per sail and 2s 7½d@2s 9d per steam.

Latest—Flour closed dull and drooping for medium and common grades. Wheat dull, heavy and 1@2c lower. Rye dull at $1,16@1,17. Oats steady at 66@70c for western, the latter an extreme. Corn firm, at $1,04@1,07 for unsound and $1,18@1,22 for sound mixed western. Pork nominal, at $31,50 for mess. Beef nominally unchanged. Cut Meats nominal. Bacon quiet and heavy. Lard quiet, at 19¼@19½c for fair to prime steam. Eggs nominally unchanged.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—Eastern exchange very weak, 1-10 off buying and at par selling. Flour quiet and firm at $5,75@7,00 for spring extras. Wheat quiet and easier, with sales of No. 2 at $1,30@1,31; closing at $1,30½@1,30¾; this afternoon sales were made at $1,28½ seller September. Corn easier and ¾@1c lower, with sales of No. 2 at 86¾@87½c; rejected at 82@83½c; no grade at 78@80c; closing at 87c for No. 2; this afternoon the market was quiet, with sales at 86½c seller September for No. 2. Oats firmer, opening at 44¾@45c for No. 2, and advanced to 45¼@45½ and closed at 45¾c. Rye quiet and a shade easier, sales of No. 2 at 93¼@94½c, closing at 94c, rejected 82½@83½c. Barley excited and more active with an advance of 3@4c per bu. No. 2 seller the month sold at $1,29@1,30. Highwines firmer, buyers and sellers generally apart; sales of new at $1,06@1,06½ and old at $1,07. Sugar active and firmer; at 13½@14½c for common to prime Cuba. Provisions active. Mess Pork firmer at $33,50@33,75. Lard nominal at 18¾c. Dry salted shoulders 13½@13¾c. Freights quiet and ½c higher at 6½c for corn, and 7c for wheat to Buffalo. Receipts for the past forty-eight hours—3,578 bbls flour, 60,461 bush wheat, 352,-665 bush corn, 53,625 bush oats, 4,335 bush rye, 2,450 bush barley, 1,882 head hogs. Shipments—2,203 bbls flour, 74,108 bush wheat, 172,808 bush corn, 17,719 bush oats, 6,991 bush rye, 406 bush barley, 4,661 head hogs.

ST. LOUIS, September 6.—Tobacco steady and strong. Cotton; nothing doing. Hemp; no sales reported. Flour dull and weak for low grades but prices not quotably changed, with superfine at $4,90@5,25, extra $5,50, double extra $5,55@6,00, treble extra to choice family $6,25@7,00, and fancy $7,75@8,50. Wheat dull and heavy, with No. 2 red fall at $1,15@1,18, No. 1 do $1,20@1,27, choice red $1,30@1,35, No. 1 white $1,25@1,30, and choice $1,37½@1,45. Corn; low grades dull and easier, but good qualities firm, with sales Michigan in sacks at 87@87½c; choice yellow 91c; fair to fancy white 90@95c. Oats; low grades have declined to 48@50c; mixed in sacks 50@53c; white firm and in demand for best grades fair to good at 77½@82½c, and prime 85c. Barley—small sales of good spring at $1,25, and choice fall at $1,90. Whisky dull and lower at $1,09@$1,10. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Pork dull $33,75@34. Dry salted shoulders in small way at 14½@14¼c; clear rib sides 17½c; clear sides 18c. Bacon steady; loose shoulders 14¼c; packed do 15¾c; clear rib sides 18¾c; clear sides 19c. Lard—small order sales of choice tierce at 19½c. Receipts—flour 4,800 bbls, corn 3,800, barley 900, wheat 48,800, oats 25,100, rye 400 bush, hogs 225.

CINCINNATI, September 6.—Flour dull; sales of family at $6,25. Wheat lower and dull at a decline; sales of red at $1,25@1,28, white at $1,35@1,40. Corn quiet but firm at $1@1,03. Oats at 54 to 58c, and steady. Rye is in moderate demand at $1. Whisky dull, and sold at $1,08, but $1,05 was the best offer made at the close. Mess Pork dull, and held at $32,75 to $33, but there is no demand. Lard dull and prices nominal at 19½c. Bulk shoulders are in demand; 90,000 bbls. sold at 13¾c, but they are held at the close; sides held at 16½c. Bacon quiet but unchanged; sales of shoulders at 15c, sides at 18¼c for rib and 18¾c for clear rib and clear. Sugar cured hams at 23@24c. Butter is scarce and in demand at 28@35c, the latter rate for choice. Eggs scarce and higher; sales of fresh at 19@20c. Linseed oil steady at $1@1,03. Lard Oil at $1,40@1,45. Petroleum at 31@33c. Gold at 136½ per cent. buying. Exchange steady at 1-10 per cent. discount buying. The money market is close and active.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 6.—Bagging, two pound hemp 24c. Cotton dull and nominal. Flour firm; superfine $5@5,25. Grain firm: red wheat $1,15, white do $1,25. Corn in bulk 85@92½. Oats 45@50c. Rye 90@95. Barley $1,15@1,35. Leaf tobacco firm; sales of 68 hhds at $7 for lugs to $33,50 for manufacturing leaf. Provisions steady. Mess pork $34. Bacon; shoulders 16, clear rib and clear sides 19½@19¾c. Lard declined to 20c. Hams fancy sugar cured 23¼@23½, plain do 22½. Whisky declined to $1,10.

CLEVELAND, September 6.—Flour: the market is steady and quiet. Wheat: the market was steady and unchanged, though weaker at the close. Corn dull and neglected and nominally unchanged; No. 1 held at $1,00 and No. 2 at 98c. Oats quiet but firm; No. 1 state held at 50c on spot. Rye quiet and firm; No. 1 held at $1,00@1,05 and No. 2 at 95c. Barley: receipts are light and nothing is yet doing to indicate prices; nominal figures are $1,25@1,30 for State and Canada. Petroleum quiet but firm; refined held at 29c for spot and October; small lots 2@3c above these figures; crude firm; held at $6,00@6,55.

TOLEDO, September 6.—Flour quiet. Wheat a shade lower; No. 1 white Wabash $1,70, No. 2 do. $1,38, No. 2 Michigan $1,35, No. 1 red $1,38, No. 2 do. $1,35¾, No. 3 do. $1,31, amber $1,37@1,37½. Corn quiet; No. 1 98c, No. 2 95@96c. Oats 1c better; No. 1 54c, No. 2 49c. Freights firm, 5c and 10c to Buffalo and Oswego. Shipments: wheat, 66,200 bush; corn, 28,400 bush; oats, 9,100 bush. Receipts: flour, 3,700 bbls; wheat, 125,800 bush; corn, 20,000 bush; oats, 4,800 bush; rye, 300 bush.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 6.—Flour dull, prices unchanged. Wheat quiet and steady at $1,33 for No. 1, $1,30½ for No. 2. Oats dull and lower at 43½ for No. 2. Corn dull and nominal. Rye steady at 98c for No. 1. Barley firmer at $1,10@1,40 inferior to prime. Grain freights firmer and higher: 7c to Buffalo, 12¼ to Oswego. Receipts; 500 bbls flour, 18,000 bush wheat, 6,000 bush oats, 3,000 bush corn. Shipments; 3,000 bbls flour, 34,000 bush wheat.

BALTIMORE, September 6.—Flour dull and weak; sales of western superfine at $6@6,25, do. extra at $6,50@8,25. Wheat dull and the receipts are large; sales of prime to choice red at $1,50@1,60. Corn firm for prime, at 19@20c for white. Oats dull at 58@60c. Rye dull at $1,10@1,15. Mess Pork quiet at $34,50. Bacon firm; sales of rib sides at 19½c, clear rib at 20c, shoulders at 16½c, hams at 24@25c. Lard quiet at 20@20½c. Whisky firm at $1,12@1,13.

PHILADELPHIA, September 6—Northwestern extra family flour $6,75@7,75; Ohio do $7, 8@9,50. Wheat is in limited request; red $1,50@1,55. Rye unchanged. Corn steady; mixed western $1,17@1,18. Oats dull; new western 54@60c. Mess pork $33,50@33,75. Lard 19¼@19¾. Petroleum: refined 31½. Whisky dull and lower; iron bound $1,20.

MEMPHIS, September 6.—Cotton: demand active; sales of 50 bales; middling 35c; low do. 32c; receipts, 45 bales; exports none. Flour $5,50@6,00. Corn 90½c. Hay $22,50. Bran $19@20. Oats 65c. Corn Meal $4,30@4,40. Bacon steady; shoulders 16½c; sides 19¼c.

DETROIT, Sept. 6.—Flour quiet at $7,00@8,00. Wheat; No. 1 white unsettled at $1,40; regular $1,32, and amber $1,32.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, September 6.—1 car metal, Brady's Bend Iron Co; 2 do do, Zug & Co; 1 car lumber, J R Hays & Son; 1 car w pipes, H H Collins; 5 buckets butter, H Riddle; 101 bbls crude oil, J Speer; 132 sks rye, McHenry & Hood; 2 cars stone, J L Knox; 12 bbls flour, R & A Carson; 10 do do, 228 sks feed, Welch & Co; 8 bbls pears, 30 do apples, 2 bxs peaches, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 162 sks rye, McBane & Anjer; 76 sks oats, 1 bbl eggs, 33 sks corn, 3 do rye, 4 bxs grapes, 10 bbls apples, P Duff & Son; 50 bbls apples, 1 do eggs, Vangorder & Shepard; 7 do apples, J A Graff; 5 pkgs eggs, 2 kgs butter, 1 sks rags, 1 keg lard, J Garrard; 12 bbls apples, F G Craighead; 365 bushels rye, 100 bbls flour, D Wallace; 25 starch, Wm Miller; 4 rolls leather, J Hammett & Son; 502 iron blooms, J Moorhead; 460 do do, Nimick & Co.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, September 6.—10 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 2 do do, Zug & Co; 1 do do, Bryan & C; 4 do do, J W Porter; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 2 do do, Loomis & Co; 2 do fire brick, S M Keir; 1 do stone, C Miller; 100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 1 car lumber, Duncan & Co; 50 bbls flour, J Wilson & Son; 50 do do, Shomaker & Langenghiem; 100 do do, Watt Lang & Co; 1 car felt, R Christy & Co; 125 bdls hds, Hall & Spear, 1 hhds tobacco, A Shaub; 12 bales hemp, J Grier; 65 bxs cheese, W H Kirkpatrick; 1 car lumber, W Adams; 1 do ice, J White; 1 do bones, Seward & Co; 15 bxs cheese N J Braden; 21 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 21 do do, Christy & Benham; 270 pcs stoneware, J B Sneathen; 18 sks rags, McElroy & Co; 4 bbls oil, S A English; 100 bbls flour, Jenkin & Bro; 22 do oil, Beymer B & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, September 6.—16 cars wheat, Kennedy Bro; 2 cars cooperage, Ralya & Robertson; 20 bbls whisky, R & A Carson; 1 car oats 1 do bran, R Knox & Son; 2 do flaxseed, M B Suydam; 1 car broomhandles, L Johnston; 1 car wheat, W McKee & Co; 1 car flaxseed, Ewer, Hamilton & Co; 1 do lumber, A C Taggart; 15 kgs tobacco, Renter & Co; 2 pkgs do R & W Jenkinson; 100 hides, Popp, Baker & Co; 25 bbls 89 sks flour, J B McKee; 2 tubs cheese, B Jenny; 100 bbls flour, Geo Stewart.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, September 6.—1 bxs mdse, D Gregg & Co; 5 bbls eggs, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 2 cars lime, D L Reynolds; 2 bbls eggs, A Reismyer; 1 do do, J R Voskamp; 1 do co, G Wamhof; 1 do do, H Freese; 4 sks timothy seed. E Hazleton; 24 pgs marketing, Monongahela House; 2 cars pig iron, Lewis Oliver & Philips; 3 do do, John Moorhead; 1 do do, H Woodsides; 1 do do, Totten & Co.

SUMMER RESORTS

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

Cresson Springs, Pa.,

WILL REMAIN OPEN UNTIL

SEPTEMBER 25, 1869.

G. W. MULLEN, Proprietor.

au30:n73

LAKE HOUSE, STONEBORO, PA., (on line of Jamestown and Franklin Railroad,) EDWARD DOLAN, Proprietor. This favorite Summer Resort is now ready for the reception of guests. It is delightfully situated, a few rods from SANDY LAKE, the most beautiful sheet of Water in Pennsylvania, and is accessible by Rail from ALL POINTS. Splendid Medicinal Springs on the grounds. au18:n5

R. M. M'COWAN..... J. R. M'KOWN.

R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,

Boulevard Pavers,

Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.

Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.

Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Insi Yards, Drives, &c.

Warranted against changes of heat and cold.

REFERENCES—Max. Mo rhead, Lyon & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

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SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS,

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descrip ns, done de27:n28

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement, for sale by J. B CANFIELD

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede at this point, with fifteen inches in the channel by the metal marks. Weather cloudy and unsettled with slight sprinkling of rain at intervals. Thermometer 82 in the shade.

—The Glasgow arrived at Memphis on Friday last.

—The new steamer Jefferson arrived at St. Louis, from Pittsburgh, on Friday last.

—It is probable that Capt. W. B Donaldson will at once assume command of the Great Republic.

—Capt. John N. Rhodes has returned from Cincinnati, where he spent several days last week looking after the Kate Putnam and Leonidas,

—Capt. John S. McMillan is living quietly at his homestead on Mt. Washington, regardless of steamboats, Smith's Ferry oil, or anything else.

—We noticed the other day that the Glendale had laid up at Manchester to wait for a resumption of navigation. This was not correct. She returned to the city landing immediately after coming out of the dock. She has been thoroughly repaired and nicely re-painted and is in tip-top condition for business.

—Says the Vicksburg *Herald*: "Warm and exciting times are expected to take place between the New Orleans packets this fall. We learn that on next Saturday the Pargoud will back out from New Orleans with the Ames, when the prices of freight and cabin fare will take a double summer-sault to very low figures—say five dollars for cabin passage and twenty-five cents per bale for cotton."

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Sept. 6, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk, on Broad street (East Liberty) from the Frankstown Road to Hiland avenue, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, September 16th, 1869, when it will be returned to the city Treasurer's office for collection

se6:n92 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER & SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 4, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the Grading of BLUFF STREET, from Cooper to Miltenberger street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, September 15th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

se4:n85 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DESIRABLE GOODS

Received This Day by

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

NEW STYLES NECK, BOW AND SASH RIBBONS, PLAIN, BROCADE AND FANCY

ARAB SHAWLS,

In choice styles. The new

SAILOR AND BLONDE HATS,

IN DIFFERENT COLORS.

HAT PLUMES AND BIRDS,
CHOICE FRENCH FLOWERS,
COLORED SATINS,
COLORED VELVETS in every shade,
HAIR NETS, TAP SWITCHES,
NEW FRENCH and GERMAN CORSETS,
TRAVELING SATCHELS,
FINE SILK FANS,
LINEN FANS,

KID GLOVES

Another lot, including the Bright and Light Shades.

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES in new designs.
FURNISHING GOODS. New styles in NECK WEAR,
FINE SUSPENDERS,
WHITE AND FANCY SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW RUBBER JEWELRY,
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EDUCATIONAL.

BISHOPTHORPE SCHOOL for GIRLS, will begin its second year D. V. on the 15th of SEPTEMBER next. The number of pupils all of whom live in the house, is limited to thirty. French is taught by a resident governess, and so far as possible is made the language of the family. Address, for circulars, etc., MISS CHASE, Bishopthorpe, Bethlehem, Penna. au30

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE.—A Collegiate School for Young Ladies, No. 62 GRANT STREET. The Fall Term of this School will open on MONDAY, September 13th. Both Day and Boarding Pupils received.

For information or admission apply to

au5: REV. R. J. COSTER, Rector.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses. Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

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jy20:TTHS

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au26:n 9 M. SIMPSON, Pres. Trustees.

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A Select School for YOUNG LADIES, Nos. 10, 12 and 14 Sixth street.

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MRS. E. A. SMITH, PRINCIPAL.

au9:n22-MTH

YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL,

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Will open WEDNESDAY, Sept 1st. The School has elegant and commodious rooms, a full corps of able and competent teachers, and every facility for a thorough education. Besides the usual advantages of Maps, Charts and Philosophical Apparatus, pupils will have the benefit of a large and valuable Cabinet of Natural History. Applications for admission may be made personally or by letter to the principal, at No. 37 FIFTH AVENUE.

REV. S. M. GLENN, A. M., PRINCIPAL.

a:31:n76-TTHS

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At West Chester, Pa.

The Scholastic Year of 10 months begins WEDNESDAY, September 1st next.

For catalogue, apply to

WM. F. WYERS, A. M., PRINCIPAL AND PROPRIETOR.

au7:n17

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Mr. WM. H. WAKEHAM,

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au27:m60 WM. H. WAKEHAM.

Miss M. MARKHAM,

(Late Associate Principal of Irving Institute,)

WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR

Young Ladies and Misses,

MONDAY, September 6, 1869.

At the rooms lately occupied by the Curry Institute, No 52 and 54 Sixth street (late St. Clair).

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au18-n8z

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MR. AND MRS. H. M. TWINING'S

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A pamphlet Prospectus of the School will be furnished on application by letter or otherwise.

au18-d&F

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MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se26:y21

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after 11 P.M., Sunday AUGUST 29th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:20 am	*Day Express	12:30 am
Fast Line	1:45 am	*Pacific Ex	7:45 am
Wall's No. 1	6:30 am	Wall's No. 1	6:30 am
Brinton Acc'n	7:50 am	Mail Train	8:10 am
Wall's No. 2	9:05 am	Bra'ks Ac No 1	5:10 pm
Cincinnati Ex	8:25 am	Cincin'ti Ex	12:30 pm
Johnstown Ac	10:20 am	Wall's No. 2	11:35 am
Bra'ks Ac No 1	7:00 pm	Johnstown Ac	4:05 pm
Pittsb'h Ex	12:40 pm	Bra'ks Ac No 2	8:20 pm
Phila. Express	1:00 pm	Phila. Express	3:50 pm
Wall's No. 3	1:50 pm	Wall's No. 3	3:05 pm
Bra'ks Ac No 2	9:55 pm	Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm
Wall's No. 4	5:50 pm	*Fast Line	7:30 pm
Way Passn'r	10:20 pm	Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm

*These trains make close connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore.

The Church Train leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:10 p. m.

*Cincinnati Express and Pacific Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information apply to

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EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

au30

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after August 29, 1869, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springd'e No 1	6:40 a m	Mail	6:20 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:40 a m	Freeport No 1	9:40a m
Express	10:40 a m	Sharpb'g No 1	11:40 a m
Sharpb'g No. 1	1:20 p m	Express	2:20 p m
Freeport No. 2	4:05 p m	Springd'e No 1	3:10 p m
Mail	5:50 p m	Freeport No. 2	5:20 p m
Springd'e No. 2	6:40 p m	Springd'e No 2	6:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 1:30 p. m. and arrive at Allegheny Junction at 3:40 p. m.

COMMUTATION TICKETS—For sale in packages of Twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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TUESDAY, SEPT. 7, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE—THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY—MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
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JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
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DIRECTOR OF POOR—ABDIEL MCCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second Page: "The Boy Magician." Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Allegheny Cattle Markets, Pittsburgh Produce and Petroleum Markets, Markets by Telegraph, Imports by Railroad, River News. Seventh page: Farm and Garden, Amusement Directory.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 55¾f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 137⅛.

IT IS NOT all the Southern Democracy who are incapable of taking a practical view of things. More than one of their journals in Tennessee are now insisting upon the maintenance of colored suffrage, not only as required by good faith, but because the State would thereby gain two members of Congress. Nor do they doubt their ability to control the new element in politics.

THE election of United States Senators would be such a legislative act as to come within the restrictions stated by the Attorney General, in the Virginia case. No such election can be legally held until the members are completely qualified, either by taking the test oath, or by the Congressional approval of the new State Constitution. It will therefore be deferred, probably until January.

WEST VIRGINIA has a colored population not exceeding, it is estimated, twelve or fifteen thousand. Not over 2,500 males over the age of 21 years are returned, by the Assessors, for the capitation tax, from the whole State. Their proportion to the white voters is probably but little greater than in Pennsylvania. Doubtless, there were more blacks in the territory at the time of its erection into an independent State, but never enough to justify the devotion which a very limited number of the "first families" always then boasted to the "domestic institution" of Virginia, or to warrant their present apprehensions of social detriment from the adoption of the XVth Article.

THE FIRST of the English law judges, Chief Justice Cockburn, has made a timely contribution for the adjustment of a current question of great interest to the two great nations speaking the English tongue, by his recent work on the law relating to subjects and aliens. He urges that every man should be free to denationalize himself when he pleases, and to become a citizen wherever he prefers to reside permanently. And he expressly denies that the children of British parents born abroad can legally be held to be British subjects. If this be the law, and if the right of expatriation shall be legally established, it is clear that the two nations have little now left for controversy upon what has been hitherto regarded as a most difficult question.

THE advices from Paris are that the illness of the Emperor has taken a critical turn. The public information is unavoidably vague, but enough of the truth seems to have transpired to occasion the most uneasy apprehensions. Between a trifling indisposition, and a sickness so extreme that its fatal end can no longer be avoided, there is with all crowned heads, and especially with an Emperor who is himself the state, a careful exclusion, as far as possible, of the exact situation of the invalid from the public knowledge. There are obvious reasons of state for allaying public excitement by suppressing the truth so long as a recovery be possible. Until Napoleon shall be actually in the extremity of death, the bulletins of his physicians will tell a flattering tale, if any. We shall never know, from that quarter, that he is seriously ill, until he shall be actually *in articulo mortis*. The policy of such concealment of the truth may be well doubted—but it is the usual policy at the bed-side of a moribund monarch. Hence, it is more than possible that the true condition of the Emperor's health is far more critical than the public officially knows. His recovery may be probable, but a fatal end to his illness would not, it is evident, surprise Europe. And then, what?

MISPLACED SYMPATHY.

When the world shall have evidence that the Cuban revolt is in the interests of human freedom, in fact as well as in name, it will then be quite time enough for our Republican Administration to evince for them an active sympathy.

The Spanish Cortes and people have adopted a Constitution which forever abolishes human slavery throughout the Spanish possessions. Were Cuba tranquil, that Constitution would govern the island. The rebellion stands alone in its way. If that rebellion be not by intent in the interests of African slavery, it is in fact the only obstacle to the complete extirpation of that system of servitude.

It has been stated that the insurgents have proclaimed the freedom of the blacks on the island. How have they supported this alleged proclamation by subsequent acts? We hear nothing of any change whatever in the existing condition of things, in those large districts where the insurgents have held an undisturbed authority for months. *Every slave is a slave still.* No freedmen are reported as rallying under the liberating banners. They trust to the high-sounding promises of the leaders of the revolt about as much as *we* do. They have no reason to believe that independence means emancipation, and why, then, should the world believe what nothing goes to prove?

The American people love liberty too much to restrict its blessings to any color or race. They have wiped away the stain of slavery from all their own borders, and the champions of liberty, among any other people on the globe, have no title to our sympathy or aid, until they prove the sincerity of their devotion to human freedom by the sincerity of their deeds.

Until the Federal Administration shall have more and clearer proofs—and now they have not a scintilla of that sort—that this Cuban insurrection is as faithfully as avowedly a movement for the personal freedom of every living individual upon the island, as well as for their rights to govern themselves; until we shall know that African slavery has been abrogated there in fact as well as upon paper, we protest, in the name of liberty, of a true republicanism, of the rights of humanity, of the immeasurable sacrifices which have attested the devotion of this people to the dogma of universal freedom, against any form of intervention, direct or indirect, by an Republican Administration of this American government, in aid of either an abominable institution, or of the delusive sham which affects to disavow it but still maintains and enforces every odious feature of human slavery.

We repeat; the accursed institution which it has cost this people so fearfully to abolish here, exists to-day in Cuba, in every district, no matter whether under Spanish or insurgent control, neither restricted nor alleviated, but with every cruel feature known to the former history of the island.

Words cannot express the shame with which a free people like ours should contemplate any possibility that our government could make the fatal mistake of taking any part whatever in a slave holding quarrel. When human liberty, unchained and universal, shall be seen to march with either flag, we might find a plea to justify intervention, but not now.

WHAT OF TO-DAY.

When the reputation of a man for truth and veracity is undergoing judicial investigation, no regard is bestowed upon his professions or to special incidents and episodes. The question is not as to what is peculiar, but as to what is general. The worst man may and does utter many truths, and even a good man indulges in exaggerations or falls into mistakes. The character of a man is necessarily exhibited by the general course and tendency of his conduct.

This rule holds equally true in dealing in the aggregations of men, either under the designation of sects in religion or of parties in politics. If a wise man wants to determine the excellency or turpitude of a party, he will not look exclusively or mainly at its professions of faith as embodied in national and State platforms. However accurately these may sometimes or oftimes embody the convictions and purposes of a party, they are not unfrequently framed under the intention to mislead; containing ideas and plans which are conceived to be popular rather than those which will be executed should power be conferred.

It is fair, then, to maintain that the Democratic party shall not be judged by the professions which it now makes, or the purposes it avows? Of course, there are to be taken into the account now as constituting essential parts of the whole; but only in this way. Nor, is it just or manly to deny that during the long period in which that party was in possession of the government, and primarily determined the direction of public affairs, good was accomplished. None are all evil. It may be questioned if the devil has not sometimes been painted much blacker than he is. Milton pictured him in speech and bearing as a gentleman. Most of the great wits of literature have done the same.

Excluding, therefore, all that is special, in the Democratic party, whether of good or evil, the important question to be decided by the voters of Pennsylvania in the canvass now progessing, is, what has been the general drift of Democratic teaching and practice during the last thirty years and particularly during the latter portion thereof, under the dominancy of the men who are still acknowledged leaders? This appeal is to the personal recollections and consciousnesses of the voters. Has the Democratic party been loyal to the government? devoted to the doctrines of universal liberty? and anxious that the just rights of all classes of the population should be asserted and maintained? was its bearing during that long and fierce debate which preceded the rebellion, friendly to Justice and Humanity? what was its attitude while the war raged? we do not ask what individual Democrats did, but what the party, as an organization, and through its accredited representations did. Individuals can always be singled out who are worse or better than the mass with which they act and are identified. Did the Democratic party steadily help those antecedent influences which brought on the Rebellion? Did it by protest, and cavil, and vote, endeavor to embarrass the government in the prosecution of the war? Was it hostile to all those amendments of the organic law, designed to bring that instrument into harmony with established facts, and so to guard against the recurrence of fresh struggles? It is of no consequence what pleas were set up for holding on to old errors or abuses. The life of each man is a progress. Some sigh at middle life because they cannot retain the buoyancy of youth, but this is foolishness. The stream of events rolls on, and each one must go with it. Each nation follows the same immutable law of change. Stationary it cannot be. Either it must go on rigorously adapting its institutions to all fresh emergencies and ameliorations, or it must sink down supinely into that slow decay which results in disintegration and death.

What position has the Democratic party occupied since the Rebellion ended? Has it recanted its former wrongs? Has it manifested a disposition to accept the situation as it stands, and to make a new departure in accordance with the facts of to-day? or is it animated by a strong reactionary tendency, which, left unimpeded, would conserve and restore as much of the old abominations as possible? Our readers will bear witness that from the surrender of LEE, we have constantly insisted that it does not comport with republican ideas to hold large districts of country and masses of population for lengthened periods under military rule. We have been anxious to obliterate the past; not by trying to throw a mantle of oblivion over it—for that is simply impossible—but by educing from it the salutary lessons inculcated by its stern events, and then reaching out into the future for the wise and benificent accomplishment of a common destiny. But this cannot be done so long as the effort is all on one side, and especially while the endeavor on the other side is all the other way.

There is but one rational set of answers to the questions we have propounded. The Democratic party has not evinced, and is not evincing, a spirit and purpose which makes it safe to allow it to regain the seats of power from which it was ejected. It still faces the past, and longs for the restoration of all or most of the things that were overthrown at infinite cost to the nation. It has recanted absolutely nothing; but is as full to-day of pernicious thoughts and designs as at any former moment. Many Democrats see and deplore what we assert. They know and affirm that most of their leaders have learned nothing, either by the discipline to which they have been subjected, or to the agony of suffering into which they plunged the Republic.

There is only one safe course, and tha consists in keeping the political power in the possession of that party that sustained the Government through all the vicissitudes of the war, until all the laudable ends of the contest shall be achieved. If this shall not be done, immense damage must ensue.

We know that a very large part of the Republicans are weary of the excitements forced upon them through a long succession of years, and they long for repose. This is natural. One extreme necessarily follows another. But, we earnestly admonish them that rest now is perilous in the extreme; that it may undo much that has been well done; and that it may bring on fresh convulsions that may prove quite as grievous to be borne as those which recently swept over the land. A grand work is nearly accomplished. Its colossal proportions are already assuming place in the history of the age, and dwarfing into comparative insignificance what was before esteemed majestic. But this work needs completion. The top-stone is still lacking that shall impart symmetry and permanence to the whole. Till this is provided, we urge every Republican to stifle promptly every feeling of apathy or indifference, to become once more inspired with the invincible energy and resolution that carried them triumphantly through the dark years of military peril, that next October they may rejoice together over a labor nobly sustained and a monument sublimely reared.

Geary and our State Debt.

While everybody is delighted with the financial out-look at Washington, let us look at home, and note how closely the economy of Geary resembles the economy of Grant. Hon. H. Bucher Swope, at a Republican meeting in Bellefonte, Centre county, on the evening of the 25th, made this telling point:

He showed that for a period of thirty years—from 1829 to 1859—with the exception of three Gubernatorial terms, the Democratic party held the Executive power of the State, and with the exception of three or four years, perhaps, entire control of the Legislative branch of the State government. During this period, he said, including the light debt contracted previously under Democratic Administrations, the State was saddled with a debt of $40,000,000, and a State tax of three mills on real estate, producing annually about $1,800,000, was levied in 1844 to pay the interest. This was purely Democratic policy. That party is fairly chargeable with the $40,000,000 debt and the $1,800,000 tax. And this is not all. *They are responsible for the war of the rebellion;* and, being responsible for the war, they are responsible for its consequences, among which we may reckon $5,000,000 extraordinary expenses, which the State was obliged to incur, to enable her to act her part in the war, and subsequently a sum which will probably reach $10,000,000, to house, feed, clothe and educate the orphan children of brave soldiers and sailors who perished in combat, or died of disease or exposure in the service of their country. With these $15,000,000 the Democracy are, therefore, also chargeable, their expenditure being the legitimate result of the rebellion and *the rebellion being the legitimate fruit of Democratic doctrine.* Carrying out these ideas, and this same train of thought, Mr. Swope went on to show that by the close of Governor Geary's administration the regular State debt will have been reduced fuly *ten millions*, and the war debt, and for soldiers' orphans' education expenses about *eight millions*, and there will remain in the State Treasury railroad bonds of the Pennsylvania company, or guaranteed by it, some *twelve millions* more. To make it clear, said Mr. Swope, let us recapitulate. And to substantiate his position, he stated the case as follows:

State debt, created by Democrats		$40,000,000.
War debt, created by Democrats		5,000 000
Soldiers' orphans, created by Democrats		10 000,000
Total		$55,000,009
Paid off by ten years of Republican rule	$18,000 000	
Railroad bonds	12,000,000—30,000,000	
Debt unprovided for		$25 000,000

The Democratic party by the act of April 29, 1844, had fastened upon the real estate of the tax-payers a State tax from which about $1,800,000 annually was realized. This was repealed by the Republican Administration of February 23, 1866. *The thirty years' policy of the Democratic party may be summed up in fighting corporations and taxing the masses of the people.* The Republicans have repealed the tax upon the masses of the people; and put it upon the *the great corporations that have grown up.* Railroads, banks, and manufacturing corporations now pay the taxes which sustains the State government.

A Democratic View of the Rights of Labor.

The principal stock in trade of the party calling itself "Democratic," has been for years past a pretended regard for the rights and interests of the poor—the laboring class. They have wasted much breath and oceans of ink in their endeavors to impress this idea upon the public, especially about election time. They denounce their opponents as bloated aristocrats, who have the will, and but for a lack of power, would make absolute serfs of the laboring community. One of this class of Democratic patriots, who runs a one-horse journal down in Alabama, the Tuscaloosa *Monitor*, we believe, was a candidate for the Legislature at the recent election in that State, and the following is the kind of Democratic music which he ground out of his organ the week following the election:

"Dan White voted right. He is a first class carpenter—is an honest freedman—and deserves the patronage of the white men. Give him work, and let him know that he who votes with the white man shall have the white man's patronage." "Cornelius Ormand, the black scamp who published a Democratic card last year, voted the Radical ticket, therefore, the white man who patronizes him, gives support to the serpent that turns once a year and stings him. Starve him out." "The negro, Nat. Lawson, who was mentioned in the last *Monitor*, as having electioneered strongly for the Radical ticket, has satisfied us that our informants were mistaken. He works in the foundry, and was absent therefrom only during the space of one hour on election days, consequently, he could have had no time to work against us, if he had been so disposed. He admits that he cast his vote for Hays alone, but did nothing else for him."

"LET THE GOOD WORK PROGRESS."—Several gentlemen who have been in the habit of patronizing the negro blacksmith, Charlie Williamson, now inform us that they have quit him, and advise all others to follow suit. The yellow scroundrel, Bill Dorset, who is a partner in the negro store near Johnson's corner, voted and electioneered for the Radicals. He is a consumate villain and a dangerous character. We trust no white man will patronize him, in any manner, shape or form. Starve the scoundrels out who vote for scallawags that they know to be the enemies of the white men among whom they live, and from whom they make their support. We request that those who are posted will give us the names of such negroes about town who were active against us in the election, so that we may place them at the head of the column of each issue of this paper, under the appropriato heading of "The Black List;" thus te warn our citizens once a week against supporting them in their hostility. By this means, if the people will do their duty, every rascally negro mechanic or laborer about town will be soon driven off to some more profitable and congenial clime, and those honest, hard working white workmen, who are now hardly living from hand to mouth, will be well supported. We want a community of white men. The negroes must be made to return to those menial occupations for which nature intended them, and the mechanical arts must be secured for white men alone."

Gen. Canby will soon proclaim the result of the late election in Virginia. On the fourth Tuesday thereafter the Legislature will meet.

PENNSYLVANIA.

THE Johnstown *Tribune* is publishing a series of letters from a Pittsburgher in Europe.

A PRIZE of $50 is offered by the Pennsylvania State Fair to the reporter writing the best account of it.

HORACE GREELY is to deliver an address at the Agricultural Fair at Greenville on September 30th.

A MAN in Beaver county, while handling a loaded revolver happened to pull the trigger, sending a ball through his own hand and a friend's near by.

THE Venango *Citizen* is now printed on beautiful white paper, and has the neatest heading of all our weekly exchanges. It is a pleasure to see so good-looking a paper regularly.

THE Sunbury *Gazette* says that during the campaign of 1868 every boat on the canal displayed a flag showing the political preference of its owner, and four out of five boats flew the colors of Seymour and Blair. We learn that this year there is not a boat to be seen on the ditch with an Asa Packer flag on it.

A YOUNG man in Brownsville arguing on the "cox-wain or no cox-wain, question, wagered that he could row, blindfolded, across the Monongahela at Brownsville, and strike the opposite shore within one hundred yards of a given point. The bets were made, and the crowd there, the young oarsman started out, rowed vigorously, and at last struck the shore, but upon uncovering his eyes he was surprised to find himself still on the Brownsville side a few rods from where he started.

ON the 21st ultimo., some ruffians broke into the Catholic church at Sand Patch, Somerset county, and made a complete wreck of everything inside the edifice. The vestments were cut and torn into shreds, the altar bread was scattered and trampled on the floor, the chalice and platin were broken and hammered into a lump, the tabernacle was torn from the altar and broken, the mass book was torn to pieces and scattered over the pews and the floor, and the altar cloth, &c., destroyed and besmeared with filth. The loss was heavy.

WEST VIRGINIA.

BERKELEY SPRINGS have been sold for $35,000.

WE are indebted to the Morgantown *Post* for our West Virginia items to-day.

A NEW postoffice is established at Adkins' Mills, Wayne county, West Virginia, and Chapman Adkins appointed postmaster.

THE Episcopal parsonage in Charlestown was destroyed by fire recently. The fire was the work of an incendiary, and the house had been robbed before it was fired.

THE Ghaston family of Harrison county, ten children in number, were all recently living; when the youngest of the ten was 57 years of age, the oldest was 95 or more. A healthy family that.

MR. SAMUEL PAUGH recently killed on the farm of Peter Davis Paugh, thirty-one copperhead snakes, two old ones and twenty-nine young ones, and it wasn't a very good day for snakes, either.

MR. G. M. IRELAND, of White Oak, this county, informs us that on the 18th ult. a considerable amount of snow fell in that vicinity. At the time of the occurrence he, with several others, was engaged in harvesting. The day had been very warm and sultry, but late in the afternoon a shower of rain fell, after which it snowed for several minutes. The flakes were very large, but on touching the ground soon disappeared.—*Ritchie Co. Star.*

Political Items.

During the late struggle, for the preservation of the Union, Asa Packer paid one hundred men to go to Gettysburg, for the purpose of repelling the invaders of our State.—*Copperhead Paper.*

Such are the lies concocted to give Asa Packer a respectable vote at the coming election. When the war broke out Asa Packer took his bags of gold with him to Europe, and never paid a dollar to the soldier nor his widow, and even refused to pay his bounty taxes where they were legally assessed until the law compelled him to do so.

Three years ago Hiester Clymer, of Berks, was the candidate of the Democrats for Governor. He was a young man of noble and generous impulses, and much more liberal in his political views than Packer, but he was backed by the Copperhead wing of the Democratic party and that was enough to defeat him. Now the Democracy present Asa Packer a regular Old Hunker,—a Breckenridge Democrat, and a thoroughbred Copperhead, who was just as bitter against the Union men during the war as the Rebels themselves. Are the people of Pennsylvania going to endorse that sort of a man, merely because he is rich? We rather think not.

In the New York Constitutional Convention two years since, Mr. Magnus Gross, the only German Democrat chosen to that body, a leading editor, and one of the chief oracles of his people, not only voted steadily for Impartial Suffrage, but advocated it in a speech which the editor of the *World* would be the wiser for reading to-day. There are a great many thousands of Germans in our State who usually vote the Democratic ticket, and they, as a body, are favorable to Impartial Suffrage. They may be dragooned into voting otherwise; but, if they do it, such vote will be the dictate of their partisan affiliations, not of their unbiased judgment. Left to themselves, nine-tenths of our German-born citizens would vote to accord to every native of the soil all the rights that they claim for themselves.

—Dr. Garrison, of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, announces that in consequence of the condition of the track of the new road between Leavenworth and Atchison, Kansas, the opening celebration will not take place until Tuesday, the 14th, but the Atchison people say that arrangements have been made to take the excursion train from St. Louis across the bridge at Kansas City and up the Missouri Valley Railroad, and that the celebration shall not be postponed.

—An examination was held at Baltimore Monday morning in the case of seven German emigrants from Bremen by the bark Atlantic, charged with being convict paupers, which resulted in their prompt discharge from custody. It is stated that from the facts elicited on the examination it appeared that the arrests were instigated by a rival emigrant line in New York, which caused a dispatch to be forwarded from Boston indicating these emigrants as paupers.

Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK Sept 6.—With a total of 8,770 cattle, or 835 more ever before, trade is slow, many being left unsold, and the late gain has been fully lost; prices have fallen about ¾ cents since Wednesday, nothing selling above 16¼ cents. Good fat steers were freely offered at 15 cents; among the thirty-nine hundred and fifty beeves on sale to-day, viz. sixteen hundred and eighty at Communipaw, eighteen hundred and fifty at Weehawken and the balance at One Hundreth street, 600 were Texans, with many State cows, making a low average of quality; the Jews were not in the market on account of a holiday; J. T. Alexander, 450 Illinois steers, only a few scant of cwt, sold at 13½@15½c; 100 Texans, 6¾ cwt, averaged 13¼c; a car State dry cows, 4½ cwt, $45; 90 Texans, 6 cwt, 12c; more than 800 cattle remain unsold, many of them Texans. Sheep count 35,000 for the week and 7,700 to-day; they are all selling, but show a weakness; prices vary from 4¼ to 6½ cents, with some extra Canada, 108 pounds, at 7 cents; a car Indiana, 90 pounds, at 6¼ cents; a car Ohio, 80 pounds, at 5¾ cents; a car State, 68 pounds, at 4½ cents; fat lambs sell well at 8½, and a few at 9 cents; common at 7@7½ cents; a car State, 63 pounds, 9 cents; a lot of 48 pounds at 7 cents; a car 62 pounds, Canada, at 8¾ cents. Hogs steady at 12½ cents; net receipts, 18,820 for the week and 53 cars to-day; live worth 9@10¼ cents.

ALBANY, N. Y., September 6.—The supply of cattle is fully 6,400 head, 2,500 more than last week. The market opened with very little vitality, though the average quality offered was inferior to last week with some superior droves from Kentucky. There is no improvement in prices; in medium there is a falling off and common is fully 14c live weight. A few selected, selling, brought 9½c, but the highest price realized for the remainder was 9c; fine Indiana steers brought 8¾, and Ohio 8⅝, but the most sold below these prices and some down to 6c. The run of sheep is much inferior to last week, while lambs are about the same; lambs advanced ¼@½c; no change in sheep. The market for hogs with an increased supply is dull; Michigan 8¾@9¼c; New York 9¾@10c; Illinois 9¾@10¾.

BUFFALO, Sept. 6.—Flour dull. Wheat neglected; spring and winter entirely nominal. Corn very dull and drooping, with small parcels selling at 95@98c, according to condition. Oats dull, and boat loads of new western offered at 53c, but no bids; car lots are selling at 54c. Rye dull, with sales of 1 car at $1,18. Barley nominal. Pork dull and steady at $34. Lard steady and dull at 19@19¼c. Highwines nominal at $1,08@1,10, according to quality.

OSWEGO, September 6.—Flour in good demaud and steady; sales of 2,100 bbls. Wheat quiet and unchanged; sales 6,500 bush No. 2 Milwaukee Club at $1,45; No. 1 held at $1,55. Corn held at$ 1,58 for No. 1.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 6.—Wheat market quiet, with sales of red at $1,10; amber, $1,15, and white at $1.20@1,25. Corn $1,10. Oats 60c. Barley $1,20. Rye 90c. Flour $8. Bacon: sides 19½c, and shoulders 17c. Hams 20c. Lard 21½c.

—A disgraceful affair occurred on Saturday night at a place called Christmas, on the Third street road, a few miles from Louisville. A fandango, at which were congregated a number of black men and some white females, broke up in a terrible row. During the melee fire arms and knives were freely used. Three blacks received serious injuries and a fourth was mortally wounded. The police have been searching for the culprits, but their efforts have been fruitless.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE

Cures Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Dysentery.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bloody Flux.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Chronic Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bilious Colic.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Infantum.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures the worst case of Bowel Disease.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Morbus.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure in one or two doses.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Ought to be in every family.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a sure cure for Griping.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE.
Will not fail in one case.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Ulceration.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Summer Complaint.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure Watery Discharges.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Never fails.
Dr. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a protection against Cholera.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will save hundreds of valuable lives
If early resort is had to it.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CUEE is one of the most valuable remedies ever discovered for all diseases incident to this season of the year. Hundreds of sufferers could be relieved in less than a day by a speedy resort to this most valuable medicine, particularly valuable, when the system is apt to become disordered by the two ree use of unripe and crude vegetables.

Price 50 Cents. Sold at DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 Liberty St., and by all druggists.

A REGULAR HABIT OF BODY

Is absolutely essential to physical health and clearness of intellect. Nor is this all. Beauty of person cannot co-exist with an unnatural condition of the bowels. A free passage of the refuse matter of the system through these natural waste pipes, is as necessary to the purity of the body as the free passage of the offal of a city through its sewers is necessary to the health of its inhabitants.

Indigestion is the primary cause of most of the diseases of the discharging organs and one of its most common results is CONSTIPATION. This complaint, besides being dangerous in itself, has many disagreeable concomitants—such as an unpleasant breath, a sallow skin, contaminated blood and bile, hemorrhoids, headache, loss of memory, and general debility.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS remove all these evils by removing their immediate cause in the digestive organs and regulating the action of the intestines. The combination of properties in this celebrated preparation is one of its chief merits. It is not merely a stimulant, or a tonic, or an anti-bilious agent, or a nervine, or a blood depurent, or a cathartic, but all these curative elements judiciously blended in one powerful restorative. It lends activity and vigor to the inert and enervated stomach, relieves the alimentary canal of its obstructions, and gives tone to the membrane which lines it, gently stimulates the liver, braces the nerves, and cheers the animal spirits. No other remedy possesses such a variety of hygienic virtues. It is to these characteristics that it owes its prestige as a household medicine. Experience has proved that it is as harmless as it is efficacious, and hence it is as popular with the weaker sex as with the stronger.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is sold in bottles only, and the trade-mark blown in the glass and engraved on the label, with our steel engraved revenue stamp over the cork, is the test of genuineness. Beware of counterfeits.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **THE SEVENTH WARD** REPUBLICAN VIGILANCE COMMITTEE is requested to meet at Alderman Butler's office, on THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Punctual attendance is desired, as business of importance will be transacted. se7

☞ **THE EIGHTH WARD REPUBLICAN VIGILANCE COMMITTEE** is requested to meet at the School House on Franklin street, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested.
se7 SAMUEL KILGORE, President.

☞ **NOTICE.—A MEETING OF** the PITT BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION will be held at the National Hotel, corner of Penn and Thirty third streets TUESDAY EVENING, September 7th, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of electing officers.
se5:n90 WM. BURKE, JR., President.

☞ **REPUBLICAN VIGILANCE COMMITTEE FOR THE FIFTEENTH WARD, CITY OF PITTSBURGH.**—The following gentlemen have been named as the Republican Vigilance Committee for the Fifteenth Ward Pittsburgh:

Wm. Hosack,	Alex. Black,
S. J. Wainwright,	Will. Drake
Wm. Jancey,	B. O. Bosworth,
A. L. Pearson,	Wm. Jahn,
George McKee,	H. C. Stewart,
George Harrison,	Dr. James Robinson,
John Hoerr,	Fred. Winchey,
John A. Kurtz,	Dr. L. Arnesberg.
L. F. Miller,	Ald. E. A. Johnston.
K. Lang,	John Orth,
George Schade,	Lew Lewis,
J. B. Earle,	Holland Riddell,
Charles Hughes,	J. J. Albeitz,
Phil. Drum,	August Dietrich.

se7.n96

☞ **MASS MEETING.**

A GRAND REPUBLICAN

MASS MEETING,

WILL BE HELD IN THE

DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY CITY,

Thursday Evening, 9th inst.

Hon. JOHN A. BINGHAM,

Of Ohio, and other distinguished Speakers will address the meeting.

W. S. PURVIANCE, Chairman.

WALTER S. McCUNE, Col. GEO. F. MORGAN, } Secretaries. se6

☞ **PROGRAMME**

OF THE

HUMBOLDT CENTENARY.

Monday Evening, Sept. 13,

GRAND CONCERT AT THE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

PROGRAMME—PART I.

1. Overture: Poet and Peasant.....Suppe.
By Special Orchestra. Geo. George, Director.
2. Duet: Quis est Homo.....Rossini.
By Mrs. C. C. Mellor and Miss M. Rinehart.
3. Chorus: On the Open Sea.....Moearing.
By the Combined Singing Societies, with orchestral accompaniment—A. Knauff, Director.
4. Classic Athletics.....
By the Turners—Konrad, Director.
5. Trio. Lucia de Lammermoor.....Donizetti.
By Miss L. Moody, Mr. Applebaum, Mr. Benitz.
6. Statuesques: The Battle of the Titans (after the famous group of Rauch.)
By the Pittsburg Turner Society—Konrad, Director.

PART II.

1. Concert Overture.....Ringlibin.
By full Orchestra—G. George, Director.
2. Inflammatus.....Rossini.
By Mrs. C. C. Mellor and Chorus. Cl. Tetedoux, Director.
Solo, Ye Merry Birds.....Gumbert.
By Mr. Applebaum.
3. Chorus: The Chapel.....Beck r.
By Combined Singing Societies—A. Knauff, Director.
4. Quartette.....Verdi.
Mrs. C. C. Mellor, Miss M. Rinehart, Mr. Paul Zimmerman, Mr. Edwards, with instrumental accompaniment. Mr. Clem. Tetedoux, Director.
5. Grand Tableaux...Apotheosis of Humboldt.
By the Pittsburgh Turner Society. Konrad, Director.
6. Concert Waltz.....Strauss.
Full Orchestra, G. George, Director.

Admission, ONE DOLLAR. Family Circle, 50 cents.
Seats may be reserved, without extra charge, at Parquette, at Kleber's, and for Dress Circle at Mellor & Hoene's, on FRIDAY MORNING, September 10th, 1869.

Tuesday, September 14th,

GRAND PROCESSION.

Composed of Three Divisions, Allegheny, Pittsburgh and South Side, will start at 8½ o'clock, precisely, proceeding to Allegheny Park. Route to be announced hereafter.

Memorial Proceedings.

1. Dedicatory Symphony.
2. Laying of the corner-stone of the proposed Humboldt Monument, with appropriate ceremonies.
3. Grand Chorus—Bundeslied—Mozart—By the United German Singing Societies, with Orchestral Accompaniment.
4. Operations.
5. Fest March. By the Orchestra.
6. Reformation of the Procession and return to Liberty street, Pittsburgh. Route to be published hereafter.

VOLKSFEST.

Embarkation of the entire procession on special trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad on Liberty street.

Badges will be sold to the participants of the procession and those desirous of attending the Volksfest, at 25 cents each, entitling the bearer to transportation to and from Roup's Station, on Special Festival Train, and admission to

FRIENDSHIP GROVE,

where the VOLKSFEST is to be held.

OPEN AIR CONCERT by the Great Western Orchestra.
SHORT ADDRESSES by Popular Speakers.
GYMNASTIC EXERCISES by the Turners.
POPULAR GAMES, DANCING, etc., etc.
Ample arrangements are made to secure the best order.
The best of refreshments of all kinds have been provided by the proper Committee. se7:n99

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.,

AT

WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,

91 FIFTH AVENUE.

GENTS FINE GOLD AMERICAN WATCHES at $75 upwards.
LADIES' FINE GOLD WATCHES for $30 upwards.
All kinds of AMERICAN WATCHES constantly on hand. FINE JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &c., at the very lowest prices.
☞ Please give us a call. se4:n83

$30,000

ALLEGHENY CITY PARK BONDS.

The most reliable bonds in the market. Pay 7 per centum interest. The faith, credit and property of the city pledged for their redemption. $30,000 of these bonds now offered for sale. For information concerning rates, &c., apply at Treasurer's office, Allegheny City.
By order of Park Commission,

JAMES PARK, Jr., President.
J. OXLEY, Secretary. se6

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PURE SPICES.—The finest Spices imported whole and ground, for sale wholesale and retail at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW.

PRESERVING SUGARS.—30 bbls Lovering White and Yellow Sugars just receiving and for sale by the barrel or pound to family customers at reduced prices, by
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
se7 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 7, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading MILLER STREET, from Centre Avenue to Reed street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, September 17th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
se7:n98 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testementary upon the estate of ECKHARD DENNY, late of East Deer Township, Allegheny county, Pa., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against the said estate will please present them for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.
se7:n95 T JAMES M. DENNY, Executor.

ALLEGHENY SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND EAGLE COTTON MILLS. Will be added to the list of stocks already advertised to be sold this (Tuesday) evening, September 7th, at — o'clock, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
27 shares Allegheny Suspension Bridge.
100 " Eagle Cotton Mills.
sept7 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

WRINGERS.

THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER

Is the best in use and is warranted to give satisfaction. For sale wholesale and retail, at manufacturers' price, by J. & H. PHILLIPS, 26 and 28 Sixth Street.
N. B.—We also repair all kinds of Wringers on short notice. se7

MEANOR & HARPER,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 329 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Consignments solicited. se7

RARE AND

FASHIONABLE CONFECTIONS

FOR PRESENTS.

GEO. BEAVEN,

112 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City.
se7:n94

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., PITTSBURGH, Sept. 6 th, 1869.

PROPOSALS FOR WRITING.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until the 15th inst. inclusive, for copying and transcribing NINE-THREE ASSESSORS DUPLICATES for the year 1870.
Bids to be made at so much the running line complete, and to include the comparing of each and every duplicate with the original.
Samples can be seen on application.
By direction of the County Commissioners.
HENRY LAMBERT,
se7:n97 Controller.

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE

TEXT BOOKS.

A Full Assortment of all the Works

USED IN THE

Public Schools,
High School,
Western University,
Methodist Female College,
Bowman Institute,

AND

PRIVATE SCHOOLS & ACADEMIES

OF

Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Vicinity.

FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail, by

KAY & COMPANY,

Booksellers and Stationers,

65 WOOD STREET,

(LAFAYETTE BUILDING.)
se6:n87:7.10.11.13.13.18

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE

TEXT BOOKS.

AT THE

METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,

129 Smithfield Street,

(Corner of Virgin Alley.)

Teachers, School Officers and the Trade are invited to send for our School Catalogue.

JOSEPH HORNER, Agent.
au31:

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by GEORGE W. BOLLMAN and RALPH BAGALEY, under the style and firm name of BOLLMAN & BAGALEY, who are authorized to collect all accounts due and pay all claims against the firm.
GEO. W. BOLLMAN, RALPH BAGALEY,
JOHN D. BOYD, WM. CAMPBELL, JR.
PITTSBURGH, August 21st, 1869.

In retiring from the foundry business we cheerfully recommend our late partners to the further patronage of the public.
JOHN L. BOYD,
WM. CAMPBELL, JR.

PHŒNIX ROLL FOUNDRY,

BOLLMAN & BAGALEY,

Manufacturers of superior CHILL ROLLS, SAND ROLLS and PINIONS. Corner Liberty and 24th streets, Pittsburgh. se4:n81

CAUTION.

We call attention of consumers to the practice of Adulterating Lard Oil, by mixing with it Cotton Seed Oil, Rosin Oil and other inferior Oils.

OUR LARD OIL

WARRANTED PURE.

Any person altering our Brand or copying our Trade Mark will be proceeded against according to law.

PROCTER & GAMBLE,

au24:n44 TF CINCINNATI.

GEO. B. MILTENBERGER,

SOLE AGENT FOR

KEDSIE'S RELIABLE WATER FILTER,

No. 236 Penn Street,

se3 PITTSBURGH, PA.

CEMEMT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

FINE BLACK

GRO GRAIN ALPACAS,

Equal in Color to Silk.

POPLIN ALPACAS,

All Colors.

BRIGHT PLAID

ALL-WOOL POPLINS.

Changeable Silk Warp Poplins.

NEW ASSORTMENT

ARAB & STRIPED SHAWLS.

Childrens' Bright Plaid Shawls.

AN EXTRA BARGAIN.

At $2,25 Fine Woolen Shawls.

LARGE SIZE, NICE COLORS.

Cassimeres and Jeans,	White Bed Quilts, (ALL KINDS,)
Country Blankets,	Heavy Col'd Quilts,
Eastern Blankets,	Country Flannels,
Gray Blankets,	Sheeting Flannels.

AT LOWEST PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail.

NEW FALL DRY GOODS.

AT

E. R. GARDNER'S,

Cor. Market Street & Fourth Avenue,

No. 69.

31c. Plaid Country Flannels.
25c. Plaid Country Flannels.
35c. Plaid Country Flannels.

BLACK ALPACAS,

31c. to $1.00,

SILK FINISH, HEAVY AND WIDE, EQUAL TO BLACK SILKS IN APPEARANCE.

POPLIN DRESS GOODS,

31c. to 62½c., New Fall Styles.

PLAIN POPLINS,

All Shades, New Colors, Low Prices.

WHITE BLANKETS,

All Grades, from $3.50 to $7.00.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PURCHASE.

BLACK AND BROWN MUSLINS

8c., 10c., 11c. and 12 1-2c., Cheap.

NEW GOODS,

Wholesale and Retail,

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

se2:n36-TTHS

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.
Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left forsale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.
jy28-m66

ESTABLISHED 1828.

H. HIGBY.....ALBERT HIGBY.

H. HIGBY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in

China, Glass & Queensware,

Fine Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Castors, Waiters and Brittania Ware.

No. 189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above Sixth street, (late St. Clair.)
N. B.—Glass Ware engraved to order on short notice. au26:n50

NEWSPAPER FREE.—Coal Miners, and persons desiring a Western Home, and others, can have a spicy Weekly Paper FREE FOR SIX MONTHS by sending name and Postoffice address to GARDNER JOURNAL, Gardner, Illinois. tl:m18

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 170 and 172 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FULL ASSORTMENTS OF

Ladies' Handkerchiefs,
Ladies' Collars,
Ladies' Paper Cuffs and Collars,
Stockings and Gloves,
Ladies' Underwear,
Balmoral and Felt Skirts,
Hoop Skirts and Corsets,
Embroideries, &c., &c.
New Style Hats,
Ribbons and Flowers,
Hair Switches and Curls,
Jet Jewelry, &c., &c.
Men's Paper Collars and Cuffs,
Men's Undershirts and Drawers,
Suspenders, Socks and Gloves,
Neck Ties and Bows.

EXTRA BARGAINS.

At 50c. Full Size White Muslin Skirts.
At 12½c. Ladies' Lace Handkerchiefs,
At 8½c. Ladies' Hemstitched Handk'fs,
At 12½c. Gents' White Handkerchiefs.

NEW GOODS DAILY,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, September 1st, 1869.

TO DELINQUENT TAX PAYERS

OF THE

City of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given to all persons who have not paid their taxes, rates, levies or assessments in said City of Allegheny, that they are required to pay the same on or before the

FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT,

then FIVE PER CENT. will be added thereto and made payable thereon, and that if the same be not paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT following, warrants will be directed to properly qualified persons, commanding each of them to levy for said taxes with all costs and charges accrued thereon of any goods and chattels of the delinquents wheresoever found, and to make sale thereof after advertisement as in cases of distress for rent.

D. MACFERRON,

se3:n78 CITY TREASURER.

LATEST OIL STRIKE.

JUSTICE!
LIBERTY!
ECONOMY!
AND
FREE TRADE!

To secure even handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of Spring and Summer Clothes just prepared and exhibited to the public by
S. C. TRAUERMAN.

The fullest LIBERTY to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of new Summer Clothes which fit him so comfortably as not to abridge the freedom of his motions. Such clothes are to be had at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

To practice ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where extortionate people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at
S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

FREE TRADE of the freest sort, practiced every day, and all day, at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous just now at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall.

LOOK AT THE PRICES.

Cocoa nut suits for $7 worth $15.
Spanish suits for $9 worth $20.
Skating park suits for $12 worth $25.
500 suits, linen, at $4 50 each worth $5.
Black suits for $10 worth $20.
Boys' suits for $5 worth $10.
And a great many more too numerous to mention. Call early and secure your bargains, as we have but a few days to sell. Remember Big No. 11 Sixth street.

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

jy10:TU-8

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND, Treasury Department of Pennsylvania, HARRISBURG, August 20, 1869

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED for the redemption of ONE MILLION DOLLARS of the loan of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, due July 1st, 1870, until 12 o'clock M. OCTOBER 1st, 1869. Communications to be addressed to R. W. MACKEY, Esq., State Treasurer, Harrisburg, Penna., and endorsed bids for redemption of State Loan.

F. JORDAN, Secretary of State.
J. F. HARTRANFT, Auditor General.
R. W. MACKEY, State Treasurer.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

N. B.—No newspaper publishing the above without authority, will receive pay therefor.
au23:n38

ALPERT & KOHLER,

Manufacturers and Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, No. 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Particular attention given to Custom Work.
We beg leave to direct the attention of the public to the fact that we are now prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes for persons troubled with Corns, Bunions, or deformed feet, under the personal supervision of our Mr. ALPERT, formerly of Allegheny City, who will be pleased to see his old customers again. We have adopted Mr. Alpert's mode of measuring the foot, by which we can be safe in warranting easy and comfortable Boots and Shoes for the tenderest feet. Give us a trial and be convinced.
ALPERT & KOHLER,
au9:n21 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.—To the citizens of adjoining counties, who are forming Militia or Military Companies,

LANE & TOWNSEND,

430 Market St., Philadelphia,

Offer for sale a large quantity of the All-Wool Dark Blue Cloth Infantry Frock Coats in sound condition, for the low price (in quantities o 100 or upwards) of $5.00 each, cash on delivery. au23:n40

☞ *NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—SITUATION.—An Eastern man of first-class experience, wishes a situation as Boxman or Bar-tender in a first class house. Apply at the Eagle Hotel, 214 Liberty street. JOHN N. KNIGHT.

WANTED.—By a Lady from the east, a situation as housekeeper or companion, or as governess for small children. Address for two days, Mrs. A., 54 Sheffield street, Allegheny.

WANTED—TINNER—SITUATION desired to work at the Tinning business. Would prefer to work under instructions. Address, L. H. M., Box 64, West Andover, Ohio.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS Clerk, Salesman, or Travelling Agent for a wholesale or manufacturing establishment. Can give good city references. Address Box "51," New Cumberland, W. Va.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—GIRLS—One Cook for Restaurant and one to do Chamber work. Apply at No. 54 Smithfield street.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTS.

WANTED.—ROOMS.—A Lady, with one child, 6 years old, wants 2 rooms, Pittsburgh preferred. References given. Address, stating location and price, Mrs. D., Box K, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—10,000 Acres of LAND WARRANTS and AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LAND SCRIP, wanted. Address, JOHN S. BRADDOCK, Mount Vernon, Ohio.

WANTED.—A good second-HAND ENGINE AND BOILER; engine about 7 inch cylinder; Boiler from 18 to 20 feet, 36 to 46-inch, and flued. Parties having such machinery to sell will please address Box 384, Pittsburgh Postoffice, stating size, make and price.

WANTED.—A SMALL HOUSE, of three rooms, in Manchester or Lawrenceville. Also, a SITUATION in a clothing store as salesman. Good reference given. Address W. P. BRANDON, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

LOST.

LOST.—On Saturday afterNOON, a ROUTE BOOK containing a sum of Money and receipted bills. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—A first-class STORE ROOM, with good cellar, at No. 46 Ohio street, Allegheny, second door from Diamond, and opposite the Franklin Savings Bank. One of the best locations in the city; has been occupied for twenty years by the subscriber, who is retiring from business. Fixtures complete and in good order. Possession immediately. For particulars, inquire on the premises of
W. CARSON.

TO-LET—HOUSE of 4 rooms at head of Federal street, Allegheny City. Rent $10 per month. Apply to JOHN S. ASHWORTH, next to toll gate.

TO-LET—A second Story Front ROOM, suitable for single gentlemen, at No. 31 Ninth (formerly Hand) street.

TO-LET—ROOM.—A furnished FRONT ROOM, in one of the most desirable portions of the city. Enquire at 52 SMITHFIELD STREET.

TO LET—FOUR NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jalappa street, Fifth ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of T. M. SHOLES, 89 Federal street, corner of Stockton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner of Webster street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BAKERY.—A well FURNISHED BAKERY, in a Good Location, is for Sale very cheap. Inquire at No. 23 Grant street.

FOR SALE.—The STOCK and FIXTURES of the best located RETAIL HAT, CAP and FUR STORE in the City of Pittsburgh. No bonus for good will or lease. E. R. WILSON, 118 Wood street. tf

FOR SALE.—Grocery Stand, STOCK AND FIXTURES located on Fifth Avenue, six squares from the Court House, cheap for cash. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—The Stock, Good WILL AND FIXTURES of that old established RETAIL GROCERY STAND, at No. 256 Sandusky street, Allegheny City. Also the store room for rent. Enquire on the premises of MARY MEREDITH.

FOR SALE.—Lease and good will of a TAVERN STAND in a desirable locality. Terms easy; doing a good business. Apply of WM. JACKSON, 73 Grant street.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT. —Situate at Halton Station. Lot contains 1¼ acres, on which is erected a good Frame Dwelling containing 6 rooms, with fruit trees, &c. Address JOHN CUPPS, Hulton Station.

FOR SALE.—One-half of a valuable PATENT for Pennsylvania. A small article used in all houses. A chance for an active young man with a few hundred dollars. Address PATENT, Postoffice Box 690.

FOR SALE.—A Drug Store and all the Fixtures, Drugs, &c., of the latest style, situated on the corner of Tunnell street and Fifth avenue. For full particulars inquire at the Store or WILLIAM WARD, No. 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE.—Desirable WestERN AVENUE RESIDENCE, Allegheny City; Lot is 48 feet by 120 to a 20 feet Alley; house contains 18 rooms, with all necessary conveniences; will be sold very cheap, as the owner is going to leave the city. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—FOUR ACRES four miles from the city, on the New Brighton Road, about five minutes walk from Railroad Station. It is an excellent building site with a fine view of the Ohio River, and good orchard of fruit bearing Apple, Cherry an Peach trees. Apply to A. COWLEY, Iron City College. tf

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET.

ARE NOW RECEIVING

A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS,

AND ARE SELLING

At Very Low Prices.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—FARM AT A BARGAIN—$40 PER ACRE will purchase a good Farm of 239 Acres in Westmoreland county, Pa., two miles from Railroad. Good soil, well watered, underlaid with coal and limestone. House, Barn, Orchard, &c., &c. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—FOUNDRY.—Rare chance for an enterprising man with some capital, situated in the town of Washington, the county seat of Washington county, Pa. It is now doing a very successful business as the books will show, and could be increased to double the amount desired, and yet could not supply the demand; will also furnish a partner for a half interest in it if desired by the purchaser. This is a good opening for a practical man, as can be shown beyond a doubt. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—SHOP ON NORTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.—The building, 38x70 feet is being used by Jas. Godfrey & Co. as a manufacturing establishment. One of the members of the firm wishing to retire from business on account of poor health, we have decided to close out this part of the business at a bargain. Also good will of Steam Power (5 to 10 horse power) tools and machinehinery; would make a good wagon maker shop; lot 60x100 feet, on 5 year lease. For further particulars inquire at No. 44 Ohio street, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY.

8 lots 25x131 feet, graded, only $500—$100 per year. 4 lots 24x132 feet, $400—$100 per year. 1 lot 25x129 feet, $500; Reed street. Frame house of 3 rooms, lot 24x100 feet; only $1,100. Brick house of 7 rooms, bath room and stable; 22x100—$4,500. 2 three-storied brick houses on Fulton street, each $3,500. 2 five roomed pressed brick houses finely finished, new; lot 60x100. Two brick houses, pumps and hydrants, all for $4,000. Nine two room and cellar brick house, lot 20x100; $1,300—$600 cash and $100 per year. Good seven roomed house and lot 24x260 feet, $2,500, and easy terms. 6 roomed frame house, lot 24x60, $1,500—$500 cash and balance in 1 and 2 years. 2 lots on Wylie street 24x80; $950. 1 lot on Wylie street 276x125; $1 500. 11 lots on Centre avenue 22½x125; $900 each. 150 feet front on Centre avenue by 125 feet deep, will divide to suit. 6 lots on Centre avenue from $300 to $800. The above property is well located and within 10 to 12 minutes walk of the Court House, and on the New Central Passenger R. R. 20 acres on Western Penna. Railroad, 4 miles from the city. 20 acres on Pan Handle Railroad, 4 miles from city. New 6 room frame house 1 mile from Court House. 225 acres Missouri land.

Persons desiring to purchase a home or make an investment, and those wishing to sell, please call on or address,

McCLUNG & RAINBOW.
au30 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.

House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward; 10 acres at Fleming Station: House and 1½ acres; also 6½ acres at Glendale Station; 16 acres about 1 mile from Fleming Station; 34 acres at Fair Oaks Station; 17 acres at Glendale on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.: House and Lot corner Hemlock and Poplar street; Lot on Troy Hill: House on Sandusky street: 3 Houses on Doyle street; 3 Farms in Ohio; 2 Houses in Eighth ward: Farm in Sewickley township: Farm near Perrysville; House on Ledlie street; Farm in Westmoreland county; Farm in Butler county; 5 Lots near Bredt's Grove; 2 acres on Headerson's Hill; 1 acre at Jack's Run; House and Lots on Beaver street; House and Lots on Beaver street; House and Lot in Salem, Ohio; 2 Lots on Fremont street; other Houses and Lots in good localities.

M. WHITMORE,

Real Estate Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky street, Allegheny. au27

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. au19:n26

FOR SALE.—One of the

FINEST BUILDING LOTS

Ever offered to the Pittsburgh public. Suitable for either public or private buildings; having a front on a 60 feet street of 100 feet by 240 feet to a 40 feet street and a 20 feet alley, the whole depth on one side. Less than three miles from the Diamond, and but 70 feet from Butler street. Inquire of

D. S. WILLIAMS.

Seventeenth ward, opposite St. John's Episcopal Church. au30:n72

FOR SALE.

SECOND AVENUE.—Two houses, 3 stories, 9 rooms, with all modern improvements. Will sell for $5,500 and $6,500 each. Easy terms.
SQUIRREL HILL.—4 acres of ground, with splendid view over the Monongahela Valley; Adapted for private residence or to be laid out in Building Lots. At a bargain.
THREE MILES FROM SHARPSBURG.—20 acres of best garden land, with 500 of the choicest fruit trees in just bearing condition Convenient to flour and saw mill. For particulars enquire at

87 Grant Street,

TUSTIN & KLEE.

au14

PERSONAL.—All persons seekING HOMES, or investments in Real Estate, will save time, trouble and money by procuring a copy of the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER." It is given away GRATIS or will be sent by mail FREE to any requesting it. Persons cannot fail to get suited out of the large list it contains. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No, 139 Fourth avenue.

CANDIDATE.

INDEPENDENT TEMPERANCE CANDIDATE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

ISAIAH DICKEY.

au5:n12

DIVIDENDS.

CENTRAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, August 24, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on demand.
au31 J. W. DAVITT, Cashier.

STEEL WORKS.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL

Of every description. Also, best

Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.

CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. au16:n41

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER,

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

OFFICE, No. 339 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA. fe14:d48

DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON,
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads,
CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH,
SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL,
STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern,
STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. TEEL,
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and XLES,
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

OFFICES AND WORKS.

Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh. mh9

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

BRASS FOUNDERS.

HENRY BIER,

SUCCESSOR TO

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike streets. sp20

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ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.

Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d87

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO.

NEW GOODS.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.

NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

R. E. BREED & CO.

100 WOOD STREET.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS,
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:j89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

BOLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks, SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

Send for Catalogue and Price List. je30

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

LUMBER.

TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1¼, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Sagina Shingles,
300,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap:6

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WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewers' Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

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FOUNDRY COMPANY.

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TWELFTH STREET,

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Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

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Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

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WILLIAM SMITH,

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CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 18 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

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I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street. ap14:h40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Boiling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv14:q6

OILS.

DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

H. M. LONG & CO.,

Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

fe13 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

ap10

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST. ap1:w20

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop, Will cut Screws.
Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils, Adapted for high speed.
Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil.
Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vaccuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

KEYSTONE STANDARD, FAIRBANK'S PATENT PLATFORM AND COUNTER

SCALES.

Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS. Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Sept. 2, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS for Grading, Paving and Curbing GREENOUGH STREET, from Try street to Iron Alley, will be received at this office until FRIDAY, September 10th.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

se4:n14 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd, | John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business. je10k48

FIFTH AVENUE BANK

Of Pittsburgh.

No. 195 FIFTH AVENUE.

CAPITAL.....$100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on time deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas on most favorable terms.

Exchange on all the principal Foreign cities bought and sold.

Discount days Tuesday and Friday.

Open from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

DIRECTORS:

ED. DITHRIDGE, W. H. SIMS, W. C. ROBERTSON, DAN. KINZER, | W. P. WEYMAN, FRANK SIEBERT, HENRY MEYER, D. M. ARMOR, EMIL POERSTEL.

ED. DITHRIDGE, President.

F. E. SCHENCK, Cashier.

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CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
W. N. MORGAN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

D. Ihmsen, Thomas Rourke, J. Dunlevy, Jr., Patrick Kane, Chas. B. Barr, Jno. Jos. Hermann, | James McCabe, John Savage, Terence Campbell, James Phelan, H. A. Freyvogle, Thomas Barnes, Hugh Keating. je1:k5

THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY

Of Pittsburgh.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, January 24, 1867. For the safe-keeping of Bonds and other Securities, Gold and Silver, Silver Plate, Books, Records, Diamonds and Valuables of all descriptions, under guarantee, and for the renting of Safes in its burglar-proof vaults. Building and Office:

No. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PRESIDENT—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
VICE PRESIDENT—HENRY LLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

WM. PHILLIPS, HENRY LLOYD, WILLIAM REA, WILLIAM M. LYON, | JAMES L. BENNETT, BYRON D. PAINTER, JOS. S. MORRISON, GEORGE BLACK, CURTIS G. HUSSEY.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER: S. F. VON BONNHORST.

au23:n67

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

je1y1:n82

PACIFIC RAILWAY GOLD LOAN.

Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, and M. K. JESUP & CO., 12 Pine Street, N. Y., offer for sale the Bonds of the Kansas Pacific Railway. These Bonds pay seven per cent. in Gold; have thirty years to run; are Free from Government Taxation; are secured by a Land Grant of Three Million Acres of the Finest Lands in Kansas and Colorado. In addition to this special grant the Company also owns Three Millions of Acres in Kansas, which are being rapidly sold to develop the country and improve the road. They are a first mortgage upon the extension of the road from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado. The road in operation, 437 miles long, upon which it is also a mortgage, NOW EARNS MORE THAN ENOUGH NET INCOME TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE NEW LOAN. There is no better security in the market—this being in some respects better than Government Securities. PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD. Price 96, and accrued Interest, in Currency. Pamphlets, Maps and Circulars furnished on application.

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FINANCIAL.

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

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N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Sept. 6, 1869.

The excitement in the gold market was kept up to-day through dispatches from Paris reporting the Emperor's health in a bad state, for which a plausible reason was found in the decline of french rentes and a general depression at the bourse. Gold opened at 137¾, before the formal opening of the gold room; the first sales, however, were at 137@137⅛, from which the market advanced to 137⅝, but soon afterwards declined to 137¼, at which it closed a 4 P. M. The decline seems to have been occasioned by a large number of orders from the interior to sell gold from 137⅛ and downward, otherwise a sharp rally would have been made this evening to carry gold up and make it scarce for to-morrow. The future price of gold is now entirely depending on the courage of the bears in the gold room, and the large importing interest, all being heavily short in gold and so far determined to await the shipping of cotton before making any remittances. On the other hand, if the health of Napoleon is actually influencing our gold and bond market here, gold should have sold up to 140 to-day, while it actually stood as low at the close as at the opening.

Government bonds were strong early in the day, but on news from the French bourse being very much depressed and excited, a decline of about ¾ through all the different issues followed immediately.

Stocks are unsettled and lower, except some clique stocks like Cleveland, North West and New York Central.

Money is easy and in sufficient supply. Business quiet.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 137⅛; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 122; Five Twenties, 1862, 122¼; do 1864, 122; do 1865, 122; do 1865, Consols, 120⅛; do 1867, 120¾; do 1868, 120½; Ten Forties, 111⅛; New York Central, 204¼; Erie, ——; Reading, 91⅝; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 87; Ohio & Mississippi, 131⅞; Michigan Southern, 103½ Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 108½; Chicago & Rock Island, 113⅞; Chicago & North Western, 81¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 90⅝; Adams Express Company, 57¼; Merchants Union Express, 11⅛; Pacific Mail, —; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37⅛; American Express Company 36.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,72	$6,85
Paris, per franc	27¼	29
Berlin, thaler	98⅛	101
Frankfort, florins	57½	59½

—Closing quotations received by James T Brady & Co. Gold: 137⅛; United States Sixes, 1881, 122; Five-Twenties: 1862, 122¼; do. 1864, 122; do. 1865, 122 Ten-Forties, 111⅛; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 120¼; do. do. 1867, 120¾; do. do. 1868, 120½; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 85; Central do, do, 99; Cy. Pacific, ——; Lake Superiors, 96.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, September 6, 1869.

Money was easy and steady at 6@7 per cent. until late in the afternoon, when it became very active at sharp 7 per cent. for call loans; activity attributed to gold speculation, which continues very heavy. Sterling dull, 8@8¾ per cent. Gold unsettled; opened at 137, touched 137¾, fell to 136¼, advanced to 137⅝, and closed at 137⅛. Carrying rates 2@6 per cent., and borrowing flat @2 per cent., and 1-64@1-32 per cent. per day. Clearances $199,000,000. Affairs in France, owing to the illness of Napoleon, appear in an excited and serious condition, as is witnessed by the decline in rentes, which are quoted at 69 fr. 75 c., against 71 fr. 35 c. on Saturday.

Governments heavy and lower. Coupons '81, 122¼@122¾; do. '62, 121¾@122¼; do. '64, 121¾@122; do. '65, 121¾@122; do. new, 120¼@120¾; do. '67 120⅝@120½; do. '68, 120¼@120½. 10-40's, 111@111¾.

State bonds dull: Missouris, 87; old Tennessees, 60½; New Tennessees, 51⅜; old Virginias, 55½; new Virginias, 55; old North Carolinas, 55½; new Carolinas, 47¼.

Stock Market unsettled and weak. *Five-Thirty Prices:* Canton, 56½; Cumberland, 31½; Western Union Telegraph 37; Quicksilver, 14¼; Mariposa, 7; do preferred, 12; Pacific Mail, 80¼; Adams Express, 56¾; Wells, 10½; American 36; United States, 62¼; New York Central, 203¾; Harlem, 158⅛; Hudson 182¼; Reading, 96⅜; Erie, 33⅜ do. preferred, 57; Michigan Central, 129; Michigan Southern, 102⅜ Illinois Central, 137½; Pittsburgh, 108¼ Northwestern, 80½; do. preferred, 90½ Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 7 Rock Island, 112¼; St. Paul, 78; do. preferred, 87; Wabash, 80½; do. preferred 81; Fort Wayne, 86¾; Terre Haute 33¼ do. preferred, 57½; Chicago and Alton 151½; do. preferred, 151; Ohio and Mississippi, 31⅝.

Mining shares dull: Smith & Parmel 265; Grass Valley 30. Boston prices Calumet 50; Copper Falls 87⅛; Franklin 13¼; Quincy 25. Sub Treasury balance $87,383,445

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Sept. 6, 1869.

CATTLE.

There was only a moderate supply of stock on sale to-day, and with a fair demand and several sales for shipment the market was steady, and prices pretty well sustained, especially for the better grades, which were very scarce. There were but very few really good cattle on sale, the great proportion of the offerings consisting of rough steers and stags, and thin heifers and cows, and good butchers experience some difficulty in getting all they wanted of this kind, while on the other hand, scalawag butchers got all they wanted without much difficulty, at about last week's prices. The former may be quoted at 7@7¾, and the latter at from 6 down to

Of the cattle on sale to-day, Chicago furnished 8 cars, Mansfield 5, Forrest, Fort Wayne, Salem, Orville, Lowdonville, Degraff, La Rue, Bellair and Marion, each 1, Crestline 3, Cleveland 2, Lima 2, total, 29. In addition there were quite a number in from adjoining counties, and there were over 700 sold that is including Saturday and to-day.

Hedges & Taylor sold 17 head of Illinois steers, at an average of 6 cents.

Aull & Co. bought 18 head steers, averaging about 1,050, at 5¼.

Carr & Kerwin 59 head steers, from Chicago, at 5½@7.

James Hanlin 25 Washington Co. cow steers and bulls, at 4@6¾.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 59 head mixed stock, at 4½@6½.

Hazlewood & Blackstock sold 10 mixed stock, from Ohio, at 4¾@7½.

Smith & Blue 63 head mixed stock from Ohio, at 4½@6½.

Jas McAllister sold 34 head smal steers, from Ohio, for Schooler, at @6.

Jacob Needy sold 50 head mixed stock from Ohio, at 5½@7¾.

Emerick & Co. sold 22 head, from Ohio, bulls and steers, at 3½@4 former, and 5@5¾ for latter.

Peter Hartman sold 49 head Green Co steers, at 6¼@7,65.

M. Verner 17 head Washington Co stock, at 6@6¼, 10 from Ohio, at 6@6½

Flinner & Sheitmantle 44 head Butler Co. stock, at 5½@6¼.

Stakely & Bro. 6 head heifers at cents.

Mason & Wells 33 head steers and heifers, from Marshall Co., Va., at 4 6 cents.

Garwin & Co. 18 head Butler Co. stock at 5½ cents.

John Young sold 9 head two year old Butler Co. steers, averaging 800, at $ per head.

There were some other sales the particulars of which we did not get.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The market was more active and stronger than last week, and, as in the case of cattle, prime fat sheep sold readily at an advance, while the common grades, of which there was a pretty full supply, were a little slow. As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, some few extra sheep, averaging 140 lbs, sold as high as $6, but this is an outside figure and cannot be taken as a fair criterion of the market. Lambs sold from $1 to $3 per head. The sales foot up nearly 1,900 head against 2,300 last week.

Stakely & Bro. sold 140; sheep at $2,50 to $3,50; lambs at $1,50 to $2,75.

Garwin & Co. sold 138 sheep and lambs at $1,75; and 29 lambs at $3.

C. H. Moulton sold 50 sheep and lambs at $2,50 to $6—the latter figure for extra averaging 140.

John McAllister sold for McNeese, 1 sheep and lambs at $1,25 to $2,75

Adam Eckert sold 72 sheep and lambs at $2 to $4,25, for former and $2@3 for latter; also 110 sheep on commission $3,65 to 4,75 per head.

Sheitemantle & Stouffer sold 265 head sheep at $1,75 to $2; lambs at $1,25 to $1,75

M Humes sold 140; sheep at $1,50 to $ and lambs about same.

Fowler & Walters sold 425; sheep $1,50 to $3,75; lambs at 75 to $3.

John Beeler sold 100 sheep at $2 to $

Johnathan Davis sold 60 head, tail ends, left over last week, at $1,25@2.

John Fairley sold 125 sheep and lambs.

Jacob Rinn sold 90 sheep and lambs at an average of $2.

HOGS.

The demand for this class of stock these yards continues light being confined entirely to supplying the wants of the retail trade, and we continue to quote in a retail way at $10½ to $11 per cwt.

Oviatt sold 48 fat hogs to Emerick & Co, averaging 230 lbs, at 10 cts.

Rose sold to same buyers 40 stockers 85 lbs, at 9¾.

Live Stock Market.

PHILADELPHIA, September 6.—Beeves in demand and prices firmer, with sales of 1,800 head at 8¾@9½c for extra western steers, 7@8½c for fair to good, and 5@6½c gross for common. Sheep in fair demand, with sales of 1,000 head at 4½@6c gross. Hogs in demand at full prices, with sales of 3,000 head at $13,50 for slopped, and $14@14,50 per cwt net for corn-fed.

CHICAGO, September 6.—Cattle dull and nominal, $4,30@4,37½ and $7,25@7,50 for good to choice steers. Hogs quiet and firm, $8,45@8,90 for common, $9@9,35 for fair to medium and $9,50@9, for good to choice.

ST. LOUIS, September 6.—Cattle—low grades plenty at 2@5½c for inferior to prime, choice nominal at 6@6½c. Hogs steady at 8½@10c for good to choice, and 6½@7½c for stock.

CINCINNATI, September 6.—Hogs active dull and lower, at $8 to $9,75, the latter an extreme rate. Beef cattle are unchanged and firm at $3 to $6,50.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

RECIPES FOR PRESERVING.

Green Gages.—Take a pound of sugar a pound of plums; make a syrup of the igar with a little water, just enough to eep the sugar from burning; put in a few ums at a time, boil them until they are nder, and take them out on a dish to ool. When all are done put them into rs; then boil the syrup about ten min- es and strain it on the plums. Let em stand three or four days; if the rup then appears watery on the top, oil them over again about twenty min- es.

Egg Plums.—Pierce the skins of the ums with a large needle. Take a pound sugar to a pound of plums; boil the igar to a syrup, and put the plums in hile it is hot; boil them until the plums ok clear; take them out to cool, and so n until all are done. Put them up for ree or four days, as above stated, etc.

Damson, or any Dark Plum.—Take a ound of sugar to a pound of plums; make e syrup, put in the plums, and boil them out thirty minutes. Let them cool; then ut them into jars, and strain the syrup n while it is boiling hot.

Crab Apples.—Leave the stem on. Weigh a pound of sugar to a pound of the uit. Pierce the apples with a large eedle. Make a syrup of the sugar; when ear put in the apples, and boil them irty or forty minutes. Take them out refully, and lay them on a dish to cool; hen cold put them into the jars, and rain the hot syrup over them.

Crab Apple Jelly.—Put the apples in e kettle; just cover them with water, nd let them boil until they are very ten- er. Mash them with a spoon, and strain ut the juice. Take a pint of juice to a ound of sugar.

How to make Mush.—Very few people now how to make this dish as it should e. The ingredients for a dish of mush re water, salt and corn meal. The water ould be soft, and the salt fine, and the eal of the first quality; yellow meal ves the best color, white meal is more sily cooked. The water should be boil- g hot at the commencement, middle nd end of the operation. The meal ould be added very slowly, so as to revent lumps being formed, the cook irring all the time, and should never be such quantities as would bring down e temperature of the water below the oiling point. Herein lies the secret of aking good mush. The reason that it quires a high degree of temperature to ook Indian corn, is that the starch glob- les are very hard and compact, and re- uire more heat to expand them than the arch particles contained in rice. Mush ould be thoroughly cooked.—*Prairie armer.*

Restoring Spoiled Meat.—Some six ears ago I went to keeping house, and eing in a country town, I bought three et porkers, which I had cut up and alted down in a large packing-box. hey were the first I ever salted, and I ade a failure in the process—did not salt eavy enough—and in about two weeks y wife cut a piece of the meat, and came me with the very grave remark that our meat had spoiled." I examined it, nd it smelt offensive. We could not eat Not being disposed to lose so much if could be avoided, I went to a tinner nd bought 2½ bushels of charcoal (I new something of chemistry), which I ixed with a suitable quantity of salt— don't remember the actual quantity, but was nearly a half peck, more or less— hich I put into a mortar and reduced to powder. I took my meat out and spread good layer of this powder into the bot- m of my box and then a layer of meat. ach layer of meat was in a layer of coal ust, with the interstices closely packed ith it. Some four or five weeks after- ards I took the meat out and hung it up the smoke house and smoked it well. y neighbors, who ate the meat, asked e how I came to have so much better acon than other people. I told them my cret, and I must say myself that I have ever tested better in my life. The hams ere superior to the far famed sugar- ired.

FARM WORK FOR SEPTEMBER.

Spring labor may be considerably les- ned by fall plowing, even it it is not de- rable to sow or drill fall wheat, which ould be planted during the first of the onth.

No farmer should allow this month to ass out without having ample and com- rtable sheds for every head of stock he ossesses, in which they may rest dry and cure from the coming winter's storms nd cold. Stock thus provided for will me out in the spring much better than left to shift for themselves, and will do etter on less food,

Select and mark the earliest ears of well rown corn, and gather it as soon as it is ady, and hang up a good supply, in a ry place, for next year's seed.

Harvest the bean crop.

See to the buckwheat, and as soon as it ill do, save it.

Hemp and flax should be spread to rot s it is cut or pulled.

Hogs intended for market this season ould now be fed liberally. See that ey have plenty of water as well as grain. ttention to the condition of pens is re- uisite. It is a mistaken idea with some rmers that hogs should live in a swamp.

As the seeds of different kinds of vege- bles ripen save a good supply for next ason's planting. Save from none but ood specimens.

Sow cabbage and cauliflower for trans- lanting in frames; by this means you ay, at a trifling expense, secure early nd well matured spring cabbage and auliflower.

If your supply of strawberries is inade- uate, now is a good time to increase the cope of strawberry culture. Plants set ut in the fall are usually expected to ive half a crop next season. The run- ers from varieties on hand offer excel- nt opportunity for transplanting. If ew varieties are wanted, secure them of eliable men who are engaged in their ulture, for sale.

Search among the apple and peach trees or borers, and destroy them by probing heir holes.

Very thrifty growing young fruit trees ould be made to stand the coming winter etter if a portion of this year's growth as cut off during this month. Thus reated the wood would harden off, by the ow of sap being checked, which would ake them less liable to winter-kill.

During this and the coming month, In- ustrial Societies hold their annual Fairs. o not fail to contribute something to the exhibition. Scarcely a family in the country but may help some in this matter.

The season approaching for seeding down to wheat, we would urge the bene- fit of drilling in the seed with a machine, instead of a broadcast sowing. The re- ports last season in the Department at Washington, from all sections of the country, showed the gain in bushels per acre to be in some seetions 20 to 25 per cent. with the drilled wheat. It is found to be much less liable to be thrown out by frosts or winter killed, and the free action of the atmosphere through the drills in the field, the uniform depth at which it is covered, causing an evenness in the growth, together with at least one peck less seed being required for sowing, are all advantages which belong to drilling, connected also with securing a better tak- ing of the grass seed.

INFLUENCE OF THE MOON.—It is claim- ed that if a roof is put on a building in the dark of the moon, the shingles will remain in their places; but if put on while the moon is increasing they will inevitably "turn up;" likewise with ordi- nary rail fences. The moon apparently goes around the earth in about the same time, *in whatever quarter it is.* To be sure it appears later every day, but it nevertheless goes around (ordinarily speaking) in a little over twenty-four hours, as regularly as the sun. Now it must be gravitation or attraction that causes these shingles to turn up, and if it has the power to raise them during one revolution when it is full, why does it not have the same power when in its last quarter, it being the same distance from the earth? This leads to absurdity at once. The moon certainly does affect the growth of vegetation, but not to the ex- tent claimed by these ultra *signists.*. The light reflected from the moon contributes very little to the growth of plants but its light and heat are so feeble in comparison to those of the sun, that it is not consid- ered of much account by those who have investigated the matter. These are old and exploded theories, and are only up- held by those who are far behind the times in their knowledge of natural sci- ence.

A PREVALENT MISTAKE among the farmers is to wait until their grass begins to "run out" before they break up the field and seed anew. If a farmer has too little manure he had better cart what he has on his best field and take a big crop from that than to put it on his poor- est field to enable it to yield a moderate crop. It is easier to increase a corn crop from 50 bushels per acre to 80 on good land than to increase it from 15 bushels to 25 on poor land. In the first case your manure gives you a gain of only 10 bush- els. This explains why a farmer with poor land finds it so difficult to make pro- gress, and especially if his farm is un- drained. Neither the manure or the labor he applies are nearly so effective as those of his neighbor with his rich and better land.

DRIVING A YOUNG HORSE.

In teaching a young horse to drive well, do not hurry to see how fast he can trot. Keep each pace clear and distinct from the other, that is, walking make him walk and do not allow hin to trot. While trotting be equally careful that he keeps steady at his pace and do not allow him to slack into a walk. The reins while driving should be kept snug; and when pushed to the top of his speed keep him well in hand that he may learn to bear well upon the bit, so that when going at a high rate of speed he can be held at his pace, but do not allow him to pull too hard, for it is not only unpleasant, but makes it often difficult to manage him.

ITEMS.

Late corn that may not ripen before frost should be cut up and fed in bulk. All kinds of stock are fond of it, and will fatten rapidly on it; for early pork and the feeding of milch cows it is par- ticularly valuable.

In a season like the present one, meadows have a heavy autumn growth. Some farmers cut this for their young stock, and it is valuable for that purpose, but the practice is a bad one for the meadow. It is much better to pasture it.

Sorghum molasses will not make good vinegar, and it is a waste to put it with whisky or other molasses. It has been tried repeatedly in this State on a large scale. In two instances more than ten thousand dollars were lost in the experi- ment. The vinegar at first appears fair, but it will not keep.

No time should be lost in plowing stub- ble. If for spring wheat or oats the soon- er the better, for it has the effect of sum- mer fallow or that of a hoed crop. A short-breasted mold-board twelve-inch plow is the best for this purpose, as it will enable the plowman to plow deeper, and to more thoroughly bury the weeds and stubble. A weed hook will enable one to cover the tallest weeds completely out of sight.

This is the best time of the year to clear the barnyard. First give the garden its annual supply, next the meadow, then look at the orchard if it may not need a few loads, and the remainder may go to the corn-field, stubble field or potato patch, the patch of blackberries, if you have them, and a few loads on the lawn about the house,—all of which should be spread at once evenly over the surface. The practice of putting it up in piles for winter, to spread in the spring, is a very bad one.

A pretty liberal breadth of beans has been planted, and some of the early plant- ed are ready for harvesting. They should be pulled and placed in a small circle, with the roots outside, The open space inside may be two or three feet in diame- ter, and the beans piled up in the shape of a cone and capped. In this way the crop will thoroughly mature and stand heavy rains. When thoroughly cured, they may be hauled from the field and threshed.

A correspondent of the *Bee Journal* plants catnip along the fences and in out of the way places where weeds ordinarily grow, for forage for bees. He says the bees work on it all kinds of weather. A slight frost does not kill it as it does other flowering plants, and it is in bloom from the time it first makes its appearance un- til killed by the frost in the fall,

Care should be had in plowing to secure drainage. If well put in, a bushel of seed, threshed with a flail or tread out with a team, is plenty, but if threshed with a machine, may need more. Avoid new threshing machines for seed wheat, as these cut the grain more or less. In old machines the teeth become rounded and do less damage.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Church News* writes that he attended three city church- es in succession last Sunday morning. In one of them he found an old woman and the charity children; in another, there was no service at all; and at the third, up to the time at which he left it, no clergy- man had arrived.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken accord- ing to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, re- lax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pul- monic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectora- tion, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented ex- cept calomel (a deadly poison which is very dan- gerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much: they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, lock- ing up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Re- move the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consump- tion, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of fo d. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medi- cines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient be- gins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body be- gins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are per- fectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hope- less and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recov- ery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same re- markable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to per- sonally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadel- phia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 34 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respi- rometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Ton- ic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. mv19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CON- TINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing un- manliness, nervous debility, irritability, erup- tions, seminal emissions, and finally im- potency, permanently cured. Persons afflict- ed with delicate, intricate and long stand- ing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hinorance to business. Medicines pre- pared in the establishment, which embraces of- fice, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemi- cal baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in seal- ed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annu- ally, at office and all over the country. Consul- tation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, relia- ble, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ri- diculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batche- lor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET,

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195, FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LI- QUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28:n53

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FLOUR.—We are now receiving very choice Southern Wheat and making our Flour entirely from it.

PEARL THREE STAR GREEN BRAND, CHOICE PASTRY AND FANCY FLOUR, made from selected White Winter Wheat.

PEARL TWO STAR BLUE BRAND, the best family flour in the market, made from choice White and Amber Wheat.

PEARL ONE STAR RED BRAND, made from choice Red Wheat, high ground and gives very good satisfaction. As a CHEAP FLOUR it takes the lead of any in the market.

Our cleaning machinery is not surpassed by any in the country.

See that all sacks are sealed and labeled with date of manufacture.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.
August 9, 1869. au10

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

MINNESOTA BAKERS FLOURS.

480 bbls. Legal Tender, 347 bbls Ha Ha, 367 bbls Ermine, 170 bbls Summit Mills, 270 bbls Winona Co., 580 bbls Red River, 133 bbls May Day.

CHOICE WISCONSIN FLOURS.

560 bbls Riverside, 465 bbls White Star, 500 bbls various brands Spring Wheat Flour.

WINTER WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.

City Mill of Springfield, Ohio, Pride of the West, Depot Mills, Massilon A, Paragon Mills Ringleader and Crown, choice St. Louis.

For sale lower than can be brought from the West. WATT, LANG & CO.,
jy21 172 and 174 Wood Street.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIO- GHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

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PITTSBURGH

GENERAL INSURANCE

AGENCY.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

LIFE, FIRE, ACCIDENT,

AND

INLAND INSURANCE.

No. 63 Fourth Street.

CAPITAL REPRESENTED OVER

$30,000,000.

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GENERAL AGENTS

CONNECTICUT

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.,

For Western Pennsylvania.

A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY,

Numbering Nearly 60,000 Members.

ASSETS, (JUNE 1st, 1869,) OVER

$25,000,000.

SURPLUS, OVER $7,000,000.

Current Dividend from FORTY to SEVENTY PER CENT. Cur- rent Income over $10,000,000 Per Annum. Its Income from Interest alone more than pays its Claims by death.

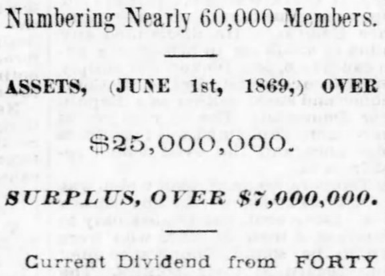
ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITING.

For Every $100 of Liabilities,

IT HAS $145 OF ASSETS.

Liberal Arrangements made with Insurance Agents and So- licitors upon application at this Office.

ALSO AGENTS



CHARTERED 1819.

The Most Successful

FIRE INSURANCE CO. IN AMERICA.

ASSETS, $5,352,532.96.

Travellers' Accident, cash assets,		$1,250,000
Albany City Ins. Co.,	" "	400,000
Aetna Ins. Co, N. Y.,	" "	500,000
State Ins. Co., Cleveland,	" "	250,000
Lancaster Ins. Co., Pa.,	" "	250,000

Insurance Effected upon all de- scriptions of Property at FAIR RATES AND ON LIBERAL TERMS. Applications Solicited. Policies issued without delay and all business attended to with fidelity and dispatch. au27

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Cor. Federal St. and Diamond, Allegheny,

Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

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Jno. Brown, Jr.	George Gerst,	Jacob Kopp,
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ap6

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COM- PANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

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CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK. Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

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Charles Hays,	Capt. J. T. Stockdale.
Capt. Wm. Dean,	T. H. Nevin.

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THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

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Rev. A. K. BELL, D. D.,
Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D. D.,
W. A. REED, Cashier Allegheny Trust Co.
JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter,
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
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This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economi- cal basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:g33

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,

PHELAN'S BUILDING,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital All Paid Up.

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Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.

ap2:g67

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,

No. 41 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

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DIRECTORS:

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Simon Drum,	J. B. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whiston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jere. Kohen.

R. E. HERON,
GENERAL AGENT.

ap10:o35

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTTSBURGH;

OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

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Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
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INDEMNITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., near 5TH.

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Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,
George W. Richards,	George Fales.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mh29:w15

WESTERN INSURANCE COM- PANY OF PITTSBURGH,

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Ware- house, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Ma- rine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Di- rectors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liber- ality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	John R. McCune,
R. Miller, Jr.,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	William S. Evans,
Alexander Speer,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Andrew Acklen,	Phillip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen.	no27

PROFESSIONAL.

G. W. De CAMP,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pitts- burgh, (formerly occupied by Hon. Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collec- tions in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d78

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET,

ap6:n90:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA

WM. B. NEEPER,

ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.

Special attention given to conveyancing and collections Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Mag- trate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

JOHN A. STRAIN,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 113 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Ca- thedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mort- gages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

OPENING OF THE FALL AND WINTER SEASON.

The far famed and beautiful

WORRELL SISTERS,

Will appear with their excellent New York Company.

TUESDAY EVENING, September 7, 1869, first time of the new prize Burlesque, entitled,

LALLA ROOKH.

Lalla Rookh.....Miss Jennie.
Feramozy.....Miss Sophie.
Hafed.....Miss Irene

The performance will conclude with the laugh- able farce of a KISS IN THE DARK.

Worrel Sisters Matinee on Saturday.

In preparation, Field of the Cloth of Gold and Ixion.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Sole Lessee and Manager. Second Week of the Season. This evening, first appearance of the renowned com- edian, Mr. FRANK WOOD. The entire com- pany in a new programme.

Ladies' Matinee every Wednesday and Satur day. Admission to matinee, 25 cents.

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.

No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

AUCTION SALES.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,

COAL MEN'S AND INSURANCE STOCKS, PERRYSVILLE PLANK ROAD, &c.

TUESDAY EVENING, September 7th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commer- cial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

4 shares Union National Bank;
15 shares Coalmen's Trust Co.;
63 shares Perrysville Plank Road Co.;
20 shares Western Insurance Co.;
40 shares Cash Insurance Co.;
20 shares Monongahela Insurance Co..

se6 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOSPITAL BEDDING,

Clothing, Dressings, &c.

ASSIST T MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30, 1869.

Will be sold at Public Auction, in this city, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of September, 1869, at Judiciary Square Depot, E street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, at 10 A. M., a large quantity of

HOSPITAL PROPERTY,

consisting of Bedding, Clothing and Dressings, among which will be found the following, viz: 3,000 Bed Sacks, 2,500 Blankets, 4,000 Counter- panes, 5,000 Gutta Percha Bed Covers, 4,500 Hair Pillows, 5,000 Pillow Cases, 5,000 Linen Sheets, 15,000 Drawers, 25,000 Shirts, 3,000 Sacks, 13,000 dozen Roller Bandages.

Also, Napkins, Cotton and Woolen Tape, Picked Lint, Cotton Wadding, Red Flannel, Sad- diers' Silk, Linen Thread, 14,000 pounds Con- densed Milk, 20,000 pounds Beef Extract.

ALL THE ABOVE ARTICLES ARE NEW AND NEVER HAVE BEEN USED.

Catalogues containing full particulars ready TEN DAYS BEFORE SALE.

Terms: Cash, in Government funds; 25 per cent. deposit required.

AT TIME OF SALE, and all goods to be removed IN FIVE DAYS.

CHAS. SOUTHERLAND
Assistant Medical Purveyor, Brevet Colonel, U. S. A. au:27n47

NOTICE.

LARGE SALE OF IRON.

DEPOT Q. M. OFFICE, JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., August 16, 1869.

I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the De- pot, at

JEFFERSONVILLE, INDIANA,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., ON

WEDNESDAY, 22d Day of September, 1869,

A LARGE LOT OF IRON, consisting of various sizes, as follows:

About 88,585 lbs. of band iron, of the follow- ing sizes, viz:

3½x3-16 in.	3½x3-16 in.	2½x½ in.	1¼x3 16 in.
2¾x¼ "	3¾x¼ "	3¾x¼ "	4½x3-16 "
4½x¼ "	4 x¼ "	3½x¼ "	4½x3-16 "
3¼x3-16 "	5 x¼ "	4½x¼ "	5 x3 16 "
4½x3-16 "	6 x¼ "	5½x¼ "	6½x ¼ "
4 x3-15 "	4½x¾ "	2¼x3-16	1½x ¼ "
¾x ¼			

About 54,098 lbs. round iron of the following sizes, viz:

2½ in.	2¼ in.	2⅜ in.	2½ in.	2¾ in.	3½ in.
2 "	5¼ "	4½ "	3¼ "	4 "	1⅜ "
3 "					

About 20,410 lbs. square iron of the follow- ing sizes, viz:

2½ in.	3¼ in.	3 in.	3¾ in.	3½ in.	2⅜ in.
5-16 "	2¼ "	1¾ "			

About 314,367 lbs. bar iron, consisting of the following sizes:

4 x ½ in.	4 x1¼ in.	5 x ½ in.	4½x1 in.
3½x1½ "	4 x ¾ "	5 x ⅝ "	4 x ⅞ "
5 x ½ "	4½x ⅞ "	5 x ½ "	5 x ⅞ "
5 x ⅝ "	5 x ⅞ "	5 x1 "	4 x1 "
2 x1¼ "	6¾x ¼ "	2 x ½ "	2½x1 "
1⅜x ¾ "	1½x ¾ "	1½x1 "	1½x ⅞ "
1⅜x ⅞ "	2 x ½ "	2 x ⅞ "	2¾x ¾ "
2¾x1 "	2¼x1⅛ "	2 x1½ "	2½x1¼ "
2¼x1½ "	2¾x ½ "	2 x1½ "	3¾x ⅞ "
3½x ¾ "	3½x ⅞ "	3½x1 "	3½x1½ "
2 x ¾ "	2½x ⅞ "	2 x1 "	4½x ⅞ "
4½x1½ "	1⅜x1 "	1¾x1 "	4 x ⅜ "
1¾x ⅜ "	1¾x ¾ "	1¾x ⅞ "	2¾x ⅜ "
2¾x ¾ "	3 x ⅞ "	3 x ⅜ "	3 x ⅜ "
1⅜x ½ "	1⅜x ½ "	¾x ½ "	1 x5 16 "
1 x ⅜ "	1 x ¾ "	2½x ⅜ "	2½x ½ "
3 x ⅜ "	1¾x ½ "	1¾x ⅜ "	3 x ½ "
2¾x ⅜ "	1¾x ⅜ "	1½x ⅜ "	1¾x1½ "
2¾x ¾ "	1 x ½ "	4 x ⅜ "	1¾x ¾ "

About 27,000 lbs. half round iron.
About 7,000 lbs. oval iron.
About 100 tons ambulance tire iron.
About 200 tons wagon tire iron.
Terms of Sale—Cash.
By order of the Quartermaster General.

J. A. POTTER,
Brevet Brig Gen. and Q. M. U. S. A.
au20:n29 Depot Q. M.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each,

QUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.

—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city for six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Mrs. Bridget Barret, No. 36 Washington street, this city, is anxious to get some information of her son, who left home in last July. He is sixteen years old, fair complexion, and has a sore foot. Was last seen in Washington county, this State, but is supposed to have gone West. His given name is John. Any one knowing anything of him will confer a great favor on his mother by addressing her as above. Western exchanges will please notice.

The Worrell Sisters in Lalla Rookh at the Opera House to-night.

Alderman McMasters returned yesterday from a week's jaunt on the lakes and in Canada.

Two Cases of drunkenness varied the monotony of the Allegheny Mayor's office yesterday.

The Water Committee of Allegheny Councils held a regular meeting last night. No business of importance was transacted.

Committed.—Justice Schmalze yesterday committed to jail Matilda Harris, in default of the payment of a fine of twenty-five dollars for disorderly conduct.

The Baggage of the Worrell Sisters having arrived at 1 45 A. M., they will make their first appearance at the Opera House to-night.

Meetings.—Birmingham Councils meet to-night.

The Allegheny Board of School Controllers hold their monthly meeting this evening at 7½ o'clock.

Wanted, Boarding.—A lady with a child six years old wishes boarding in a respectable family. References given. Address, stating location and terms, Mrs. D., box K., Gazette office.

Liquor Cases.—W. P. Dersey made information yesterday before Alderman Butler against Thos. Deville and George Penn, for selling liquor without license, in the Sixth ward. The accused gave bail for trial.

Taken East. — Yesterday Richard Breen was taken from the county jail by Col. James Byers, on an order from the District Court, to Williamsport, where he will be tried before the U. S. Court on a charge of passing a twenty-dollar counterfeit greenback.

Station Houses.—The Committee of Councils on City Property yesterday made a visit of inspection to the new station houses on Twenty-sixth and Forty-third streets. The buildings were accepted and will be put into service immediately. The police telegraph will be extended to both houses immediately.

Discharged.—The boys, Snee and Elkin, arrested for robbing the till of Welty's store in the Sixth Ward, Allegheny, a few days ago, had a hearing before Mayor Drum last evening, which resulted in their discharge, the prosecutor failying to satisfactorily identify the parties.

A Coming Boat Race.—The freight agent at Cleveland and the paymaster at Manchester of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad, have agreed to row a skiff race with the freight agent at Pittsburgh and one of his assistants, the race to come off next week, on the Ohio river, opposite Manchester. We will bet a big apple on our Pittsburgh friends.

Slight Fire.—A slight fire occurred at half past five o'clock last evening, in Hugh M. Bole & Co.'s Foundry, on Third avenue, between Market and Ferry streets. The alarm was given from box 13, and the fire department responded promptly, but did not go into service. The only damage done was the burning of a slight hole in the roof.

Committed.—Thomas Sullivan, the man who stabbed Barney Duffy, an account of whose arrest we published yesterday, arrived in the city yesterday morning, and soon afterwards was committed to jail to await the result of Duffy's injuries. Duffy was still living last night, and is himself still of the opinion that he will recover, but his physicians and friends have not the slightest hope for him.

The Water Committee.—A meeting of the Water Committee was held last evening at the Committee Rooms, City building, at which we understand a Sub-Committee was appointed to investigate the frauds alleged by the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform. This Committee, so far as we can learn, was asked for by Mr. Smith, who desires to show Councils that the charges made against him are without foundation.

Fatal Result. — Wm. Lebzelter, the little boy who had his leg taken off by the cars at the railroad crossing, Federal street, Allegheny, Saturday evening, died on Sunday from the effects of his injuries. Coroner Clawson empanelled a jury yesterday morning to hold an inquest, but postponed the taking of testimony until this morning at eleven o'clock, when the investigation will be resumed at the Federal street station.

Partnership Troubles.—Yesterday Jas. Gorman made information before Alderman McMasters against Samuel Agnew for larceny as bailee. The parties were partners together in a store on Union street. Recently, according to Gorman's allegations, he went visiting and upon his return found that Agnew had sold out the establishment for $150. He brings suit to recover half the amount, sixty-five dollars, as his share of the proceeds. The accused was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Barn Burned.—On Saturday night about eleven o'clock, the large barn owned by Mr. George Johnston, near Wilkinsburg, was completely destroyed by fire. It is presumed that some wandering vagabond had taken lodging in the place for the night and accidentally fired the building. Mr. Johnston loses all the large crop of his farm together with valuable agricultural implements stowed away in the barn. His total loss will closely approximate three thousand dollars, on which we believe there was no insurance.

Personal.—We were much gratified on Saturday, in receiving a call from R. Flenniken, Esq., formerly of this city, now on a brief visit to his father, Hon. R. P. Flenniken. Mr. F. has resided the past nine years in California, and is of the respectable house of Phipps, Flenniken & Kromer, merchants in San Francisco. His account of the present business, and his estimate of the rapid development and vast future of the Pacific coast, was to us very interesting and instructive. It is of intelligent and enterprising young man such as he, that new cities and new States in the west are made up. Pittsburgh and Pennsylvania have sent many such representative men, and are justly proud of them.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judges Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

MONDAY, September 6.—The argument list was taken up in the District Court this morning. No business of special importance was transacted.

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

MONDAY, September 6.—The Court of Common Pleas met this morning, Judge Stowe on the bench. There being no cases ready for trial, the jury was discharged for two weeks.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

MONDAY, September 6.—The September term of the Quarter Sessions Court commenced this morning, Judge Mellon presiding.

The list of Grand Jurors summoned for the term was called when the following gentlemen answered to their names: R. H. Davis, foreman, P. W. Arrott, Joseph Brown, Wm. Bunton, James C. Bartley, Dan'l Bushnell, Jno. Fuller. ton, Jacob France, W. H. Gildenfennig, S. Hubbard, Guyan M. Irwin, J. N. Jordan, George W. Murphy, David Robinson, J. A. Keating, W. F. Trimble.

The Clerk then administered the oath to the jurors, after which Judge Mellon proceeded to charge the jury. He said that he had no formal or special charge to present, as there was no special business to be brought before the jury that required particular notice or instruction from the Court. The nature of their duties was fully set forth in the oath which had just been administered to them, and if they desired any special instructions in their deliberations, the Assistant District Attorney would be in attendance, and they could also apply to the Court for instructions.

The constables from the several wards and boroughs were then called upon to make their returns.

The first case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. James Lindsay, Alderman of the Sixth ward, indicted for extortion in taking illegal fees. It was alleged that on the 18th of June last a colored woman named Sarah Mitchell made an information before Alderman Lindsay charging John M'Glinchy with assault and battery with intent to commit rape. McGlinchy was arrested, a hearing had, and bail demanded in the sum of $1,000. Before the bail was given a consultation was held in the Alderman's "back room," and by the payment of eleven dollars by McGlinchy the case was settled and the suit was withdrawn. It was alleged that the Alderman had first proposed the settlement, and that of the money received from the accused he retained more than he was legally entitled to receive. The testimony for the prosecution was to the effect that the money was handed to the Alderman, but the defense called witnesses to show that the prosecutrix received six dollars, the constable serving the warrant one dollar, and that the Alderman retained but four dollars—a sum he was entitled to. The jury returned a verdict of guilty. Sentence deferred.

One or two surety cases of but little importance were disposed of, after which Court adjourned.

Arm Broken.

An accident occurred at the Sansom Scale Co.'s establishment, No. 102 Third avenue, about half-past three o'clock yesterday, by which Mr. J. H. Argyle, a carpenter in the employ of the Company, had his right arm fractured near the shoulder joint. Mr. Argyle was engaged in constructing a pair of stairs leading from the first floor to the cellar, and was in the act of descending a ladder to the cellar when the accident occurred. Before starting down the ladder he placed his foot upon the top rung and tried it, and thinking it was setting solid, started down. As soon as he placed his entire weight upon the ladder the bottom gave way and precipitated him to the cellar, a distance of ten or twelve feet, breaking the arm as stated, and inflicting a number of severe bruises upon his head, face and body. He was taken up immediately and Dr. S. H. Benham summoned, who reduced the fracture and dressed his wounds, after which the injured man was removed to his residence at Homewood Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Pocket Picked.

Yesterday morning about ten o'clock Mr. James Deitzel, a resident of Allegheny, was robbed of his pocket book containing over one hundred and fifty dollars. He had just secured the money at one of our city banks, and got on one of the Troy Hill passenger cars to ride home, accompanied by his wife. On the platform of the car were standing four men, one of whom jostled him rudely as he stepped into the car and remarked to the rest that the car was too crowded and they had better not go on in it. The four men then went away, and Mr. Deitzel discovered his loss when called upon by the conductor for his fare. He feels satisfied the man who jostled him picked his pocket, but says he could not recognize any of the party again. He is a cooper by trade, resides in the Third ward, Allegheny, and the loss will fall heavily upon him. He left word at the Mayor's office of the matter, but the police will find considerable difficulty in securing the thief on such a slight clue.

Disreputable House.

Yesterday Mr. Robert Flinn made information before Alderman Shore against Wm. and Mary Randolph and Lizzie Crisps for keeping a disorderly bawdy house at No. 4 Congress street, Seventh Ward. The parties, it is stated, rented the house from Mr. Flinn about a month since, under assumed names, but, when they became known and were ordered to leave, declined to give up possession of the premises, hence the suit. The parties were committed to jail in default of bail in the sum of $1,000 each. The women are quite young in years but old in crime. The father of one of them, who is a man of considerable property in an adjoining county, appeared and tendered bail for his daughter, but as the security was outside the jurisdiction of our courts, the Alderman refused to receive it.

The Worrell Sisters will positively appear at the New Opera House to-night. Seats purchased for Monday evening, can be exchanged by applying at the box office.

Disorderly Proceeding.

William Morton and William Roback met on Penn street yesterday. Their meeting was not of a friendly character, such as to inspire mutual love. It was just the reverse and had the effect of compelling them to appear at Alderman Koenig's office, where Morton had lodged information against the other William for disorderly conduct. William's offence consisted in calling the other William a thief, and saying he had stolen iron from a foundry in the vicinity. The Alderman held the accused to bail for a hearing to-day.

The Worrell Sisters in their new burlesque of Laila Rookh to-night.

THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.

Mass Meeting Last Night—The Addresses—What They Propose, &c., &c.

The Temperance men held a ratification mass meeting last evening in front of City Hall, Allegheny. A platform for speakers had been erected and at seven and a half o'clock, the dulcet strains of a brass band, attracted a large company of spectators to the spot, where the meeting was organized by the election of the following officers:

President—James Park, Jr.

Vice Presidents—Jas. I. Bennet, C. G. Hussey, John Irwim, Jr., H. Schwartz, Barclay Preston, Harvey Childs, Capt. John Young, Bateman Goe, Dr. T. F. Dale, M. B. Brown.

Secretaries—R. C. Miller, Geo. McConnell.

Mr. Park on taking the Chair said he was glad to notice the interest in favor of the cause of Temperance was increasing, as was evinced in the large assemblage thus called together. It was a movement well calculated to call out the sympathies of every good citizen. Although the traffic in liquor as it had been legalized by the Legislature, could not, perhaps, at the present time, be done away with, much might be done to remedy the evil by a united effort to regulate its sale. One of the most important steps in this direction would be to put the licensing power in the hands of officials who would carefully scrutinize the merits of persons who made application for license. For this end the people unitedly should engaged in the work and elect men whom they knew would obey their wishes. No man should be entrusted with office who did not come up to the standard this important question, Intemperance, was an evil which ought in its train suffering, sorrow, destitution, disgrace, and nearly every crime in the calendar. To do something toward checking this monstrous evil, the temperance men propose to elect a man to the position of Commissioner, who would see to it, that the law was fully met in every case, and that as few rum holes be licensed as possible. He closed by hoping that all good citizens would join in the work of reform, and by voice and vote and influence endeavor to carry out temperance principles.

Col. J. B. Clark was next introduced and spoke at some length on the "Temperance Reform." He disclaimed any intention of speaking in behalf of a political candidate. Mr. Dickey was simply a Temperance candidate for County Commissioner and stood neither as a Republican or Democrat. The only object of the movement he claimed was to restrain intemperance and the evils which resulted from it.

The Temperance movement which was now organized was not in any sense a political movement, but related only to the election of men to office who were known to be sound Temperance men without regard to their politics. The speaker here entered into a lengthy review of the causes which had led to a new or "third" party, as some called it. In closing he referred briefly to Mr. Dickey, as one of the oldest citizens of the county, a man of undoubted integrity, firm principles, intelligent convictions, and a man in every way worthy of the suffrages of the people.

Mr. David Kirk followed in a few remarks. He referred to the fearful ravages which intemperance was making in the community, and said it was the duty of all good citizens to do all in their power to check the evil. The object of the temperance men in their campaign was to do something to prevent the wholesale and indiscriminate granting of licenses and the abuses of the office of County Commissioner. Too many licenses had been granted during the past year, almost every applicant having been successful. The temperance men objected to this maladministration of office and to the bartering of licenses, which they claimed had been carried on. All parties felt the necessity of reform in this branch of the public service, and there was no doubt the great reform would be successful in the election of Mr. Dickey.

Mr. Andrew Burtt was the next speaker. He contended that when the present license law was enacted by the Legislature, it was for the purpose of putting the license business in the hands of the people, which would have its effect if the Commissioners but did their duty. In order to have this done, the temperance people were about to elect their own candidate, who was known to be sound on the question. This would not interfere with the county ticket except in one instance. They did not wish to interfere in politics, but intended simply, if possible, to elect a man in whom all could place confidence, and who would work for the welfare of the people.

Rev. Penel Coombe, State Temperance Lecturer, closed the addresses with a brief speech, after which the Chairman made announcements for further gatherings, and the meeting adjourned.

Drafts on Europe.

We clip the following from our cotemporary, the *Dispatch*, and gladly give it a place in our columns:

Parties about remitting money to Europe will do well to buy their drafts of Mr. Mertz, Banker and Broker, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street, as he has made the most perfect arrangements for supplying the public in this respect, and is prepared to offer his customers inducements not to be had elsewhere. Mr. Mertz sells his own bills of exchange, and as his drafts are drawn against his own funds, and are issued upon some of the most widely known banking institutions in Great Britain and on the Continent, there is never any delay or trouble in getting the money on them, as they are promptly cashed on presentation, and without expense to the holder. Mr. Mertz is also agent for the European steamers, English, French and German, and is prepared to sell tickets at the very lowest rates. His house is responsible and accommodating, and those who have any kind of banking business to transact, or who desire information in the shipping or foreign exchange line cannot call on a more worthy or deserving gentleman.

Highway Robbery.

A bold robbery was perpetrated about five oclock yesterday evening at the corner of Grant street and Strawberry alley, by which James Reynolds was robbed of a silver watch valued at sixty-five dollars. He was standing at the corner named when two men came up and spoke to him, after which one of them caught his watch chain and pulled his watch out of his pocket, broke it off from the chain and ran down Strawberry alley to Cherry alley, when Mr. Reynolds, who was pursuing, lost sight of him. The police have a description of the thief and are on his track.

A Temperance Meeting will be held at Mozart Hall, Seventh avenue, this evening at eight o'clock, to be addressed by Rev. P. Combe, State Tempeance Lecturer. Subject: "The overthrow of the Liquor traffic." The gentleman is a forcible apeaker, and we have no doubt but a large audience will be present to hear one whose ability so strongly recommended him to the State Society.

FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

Special Meeting—Constitution not Revised.

A special meeting of the Pittsburgh Firemen's Association was held last evening at Firemen's Hall, city building, for the purpose of considering the report of the Committee appointed to revise the Constitution.

The meeting was called to order at 8 o'clock by the Chairman, W. C. McCarty, Esq., after which the roll of members was called and a majority answered to their names.

On motion of Mr. Torley the reading of the minutes of the preceding meeting was dispensed with.

Mr. Ruch, Chairman of the Committee appointed to revise the Constitution, presented the report of the Committee and read the revised Constitution.

On motion the report of the Committee was accepted.

Mr. Sims moved that further consideration be laid over until next February.

The motion was apopted by a vote of six yeas to five nays.

On motion of Mr. Wilson the Association adjourned.

Methodist Annual Conference—Pittsburgh District.

THIRD DAY'S SESSION—AFTERNOON.

FAIRMONT, W. VA., Sept. 3, 1869.

Opened with the usual services, President Collier in the chair. Minutes of forenoon session read and approved.

The Committee on Boundaries and Necessities reported, advising to constitute Uniontown a mission, Amity and Waynesburg a circuit, Connellsville a station, Little Washington a station, Bakerstown and Harmersville a mission, Bellevue, Coultersville, Elizabeth, and Pleasantville a circuit, Buchanan Mission divided, calling *part* of it Lewis Mission; also several other changes. Adopted.

At the hour of two o'clock the fraternal messengers from the different Annual Conferences were heard, beginning with the Maryland delegation, composed of J. K. Nickols, D. D., Daniel Bowers, D. D., J. J. Murray, D. D., Rev. T. J. Murray, with Messrs. Richardson and Dodd, laymen, all of whom addressed the Conference, picturing in glowing language the fraternal feelings, sympathies and desire for re-union existing in their Conference. A blessed feeling pervaded the entire assembly, with many responses to the noble Christian sentiments uttered.

Next came the Muskingum delegation, C. Springer, D. D., and Rev. J. L. Scott, both of whom addressed the Conference on the common interests of the cause, and especially on the reunion subject. Dr. Springer is the oldest reformer in the West, and he is as firm as ever.

President Collier, D. D., Geo. Brown, D. D., John Scott, D. D., and W Reeves, D. D., responded in a feeling and brotherly manner, and all realized "how good and pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity."

FOURTH DAY'S SESSION.

SATURDAY, September 4.—Conference opened with devotional exercises, which were continued for half an hour by direction of the President.

The Committee on Itinerancy and Orders reported, recommending for Itinerancy Asa R. Wood and H. Siviter, and for Orders, Wm. Griffith, Wm. Evans and E. Cartwright.

After a variety of business, not of general interest, the forenoon session was adjourned with prayer. C.

South Common Nuisance.

MESSRS. EDITORS: I wish to thank your correspondent, "Prompter," for what he has to say about the obstinate persistance in the South Common nuisance, in defiance of the public protests and under the very eyes of the city officers.

When the fact is known that even upon the West Common, where there is scarcely a blade of grass, a poor ignorant "darkey" is arrested and fined some three or four dollars for removing a handful of worthless turf that a small boy is dealt with in the same manner for merely walking over the ground and climbing the fence, and that the deposit of even a wheel-barrow load of ashes on unenclosed ground is menaced, if not visited, with the same penalties, what is to be thought of the permitted conversion of the South Common into a permanent mortar bed and wagon stand, except that this neglected portion of the public ground is not regarded as any portion of the Common at all, as its treatment in other respects proves?

Your correspondent, however, refers only to "Mayor and police, Street Committees and Street Commissioners," as the delinquent parties. Why overlook the Park Commissioners? The whole subject matter is, if I mistake not, within their special jurisdiction, and it is they only, I suppose, who have been enforcing the law in the cases above mentioned, through the Mayor and police. The Street Committee and Commissioners, as such, have nothing properly to do with it. Why not, then, put the saddle on the right horse? A TAX PAYER.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Owing to some carelessness on the part of railroad officials or employes at Philadelphia, a large number of our citizens were disappointed last evening, as was plainly evident in passing the Opera House, where hundreds had collected expecting to see the Worrell Sisters. Unfortunately, however, the entertainment was postponed in consequence of the non arrival of baggage belonging to the troupe, which was properly shipped at Trenton, N. J., for this city, but the car containing it was left on a siding at Philadelphia. It arrived last night at a late hour and the opening entertainment will take place this evening without fail. The entire troupe have arrived, and the amusement going public may expect a crowded house as well as a good entertainment, so we would advise all to secure seats.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE. — The "old Drury," the most cosy and comfortable place of amusement in the city, was filled to overflowing last night, and a noticeable feature was a large number of ladies in the audience. The several members of the company, as usual, acquitted themseves with credit, and to the entire satisfaction of the audience. The dancing of the "Empire Boys," in the double clog, is excellent, and the feat of Frank Gibbons on the "flying bars" is unapproachable, while the singing of the Misses St. Clair and Whiting was really charming. It is certainly a first class varieties theatre. Ladies should remember the Wednesday and Saturday matinees.

Something New.—W. D. Duffey, the well known merchant tailor, No. 24 Fifth avenue, has just returned from the east with a large and splendid stock of fine goods for fall and winter wear. His numerous patrons will be pleased to hear of his return, as he always has new ideas in the way of dress. Mr. Duffey is an old buyer and knows just what his many customers want. Call and see his elegant stock of goods and leave your order for a suit.

Arrested on Suspicion.

Officer Andrew Moon yesterday morning arrested John George on Penn street on suspicion of horse stealing. The officer's suspicions were aroused by the fellow offering a horse for sale for $30, which he had received in a trade, for a horse valued at $300. On his person were found two letters from a man in Canton, Ohio, one dated July 29th, and the other August 17th. The first urged him to "sell the horse" as soon as possible, and hoped he "would be smart enough this time to get away, happen to him what might." The other letter complained that nothing had been heard from him (George), and if he did not come or send money in a week, the writer would have him arrested for horse stealing. The writer of these letters was telegraphed to, and replied that he would be in the city at twelve o'clock last night. George was locked up and will remain there until this morning.

New Pavement.

A Pittsburgh manufacturer has applied for a patent for a new kind of pavement, formed of vitrified stone blocks, similar in shape and appearance to the wooded blocks of which the Nicolson is made, with the exception that the surface edges are beveled, thus affording a good foothold for horses. In laying the pavement, a hard roadway is first made, upon which the blocks are laid, crosswise of the street and close together, with gravel or concrete packed between. It is claimed that a firm and solid stone pavement is thus secured, free from dampness, which is the objection urged against the Nicelson. Another advantage claimed is that in repairing, laying sewer pipes, &c., only those blocks to be repaired or in the way of the trench need be lifted, leaving the rest of the street clear.

The vast amount of PLANTATION BITTERS now being sold and shipped from New York is almost incredible. Go when and where you will—along the wharves and piers, and at the depots—you will see great piles of these Bitters awaiting shipment and conveyance to every nook and corner of the country, and to the hundreds of foreign ports. They are very popular among all classes of people, and are conceded to be just the thing for this climate. No Bitters have yet been introduced which have beome so deservedly popular and worthy of patronage, to all who require a tonic and stimulant. They are prepared with pure St. Croix Rum, Calisaya Bark, and all the world knows full well what beneficial results accrue from these combinations.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Grand Trunk Distruction.—At the recent Cape May fire a large number of very valuable trunks were destroyed, entailing considerable loss to the owners. Fire is the only element Liebler, the Great Western Trunk Manufacturer, No. 104 Wood street, will not insure against, but to railroad accidents, bagage masters rough handling, porters carelessness and tumbling his trunks are proof. He manufantures himself and uses much care that every trunk, sack, valise or bag sustains the high reputation he enjoys. Of course, everybody knows that Liebler sells cheaper than any other western manufacturer.

One of the best evidences of the superiority of Marvin's crackers is the fact that every grocer keeps them on sale. Popularity in this instance is a severe test of merit. They are manufactured at No. 91 Liberty street.

Real Estate—Country Home—P. F. W. & C. R. W.—Positive Sale—The sale of Mr. Agnew's property at Agnew's station is adjourned till next Thursday afternoon at three o'clock, when it will be sold peremptorily. An inspection of this place prior to the sale is invited. There are eleven acres with a good dwelling, a splendid spring of water, a beautiful river view, first class railway facilities and a good neighborhood, are a few of the features of this place. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Lemon and Fruit Biscuit, Water, Butter, Sugar, Boston. Cream and Wine Crackers, and Ginger Snaps, Spiced Jumbles, &c., are some of the varieties obtained at Marvin's, 91 Liberty street. Everything sweet and fresh coming from this superior establishment.

Over the signature of "A Citizen," in yesterday's GAZETTE, he says we must have, at whatever cost, pure water. Now, for a trifling cost, each and every family can have all the pure water they can use for cooking or drinking by procuring one of Kedzie's Reliable Water Filters. These filters are no humbug, as testimonials from families now using them can be given as to their value. With care they will last several years and are easily renewed.

All annoyance and trouble from sour bread during the hot weather, may be avoided by purchasing Marvin's crackers at 91 Liberty street, or at any of the groceries.

Universal Admiration has been accorded Milk of Violets as the most elegant skin beautifier ever produced, both for efficay and elegance. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. V. W. Brinkerhoff, New York sole agent for America.

Hecker's Farina forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

Marvin's Lemon Biscuit are simply delicions, and will be found an exceedingly pleasant and excellent substitute for sour bread during the hot weather.

New Domestic Goods, Bates & Bell's.

Real Estate.—See advertisement of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue. tf.

Marvin's superior crackers may be procured at 91 Liberty street, or at any grocery in the two cities. Buy them, try them.

Bargains in Evening Silks at Bates & Bell's.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Buy Marvin's Superior Crackers, which can be had at all the groceries, and at No. 91 Liberty street. Don't eat sour, unwholesome bread this warm weather, if you wish to avoid dispepsia.

Bates & Bell's, for Black and Colored Silks.

A Rare Chance—The Hat store for sale by E. R. Wilson. See advertisement. tf

Bates & Bell's for Dress Goods.

(From the Health Reporter.)

Dyspepsia—Indigestion.

The subject of indigestion has attracted much attention, because it has ever been a difficult and troublesome disease to treat.

It is characterized by a great variety of symptoms, the most prominent of which are, pain after eating, belching, heartburn, waterbrash, fullness of stomach, with tenderness, load or weight in that region, debility, loss of flesh, despondency, headache, bad or capricious appetite, palpitation, cough, nervousness, restlessness, &c., &c.

When the disorder is of long continuance other organs of the body soon become affected, and the lungs, liver, brain, or kidneys, frequently suffer.

In fact, Dyspepsia is the forerunner of a great number of Chronic diseases, such as Consumption, Scrofula, Hemorrhoids, Uterine difficulties, colic pains, paralysis, neuralgia, female derangements, &c., &c.,—and in its turn the consequence of many of them, and may be complicated with almost every and any disease.

From this it is plain that the treatment of Dyspepsia should be varied according to the extent of the disease and the nature of the complications.

One symptom is more prominent and urgent in one case than another, according to the disease with which it is complicated. And hence remedies seldom have the same effect in any two cases. And all plans of treatment will most generally fail, unless the precise nature and cure of the disease is well and fully understood.

To determine these there is no better criterion than the urinary secretions.

Indeed, we are surprised that so little attention has hitherto been paid to that secretion in Dyspepsia, when we know that there is no more certain sign offered.

By this we are enabled to determine whether it be Dyspepsia from liver complaint, kidney affections, nervous disorders, or, in case of females, from uterine affections, derangements or irregularities, or whether these affections proceed from the Dyspepsia:—And to treat the case in accordance with the true conditions, the fixed principles of a fixed science.

There is no guess-work about it. We have cured hundreds and thousands of cases of Dyspepsia by a single course of medicine; others require more, however, according to the disease with which it is complicated.

L. OLDSHUE, M. D.,
132 Grant Street.

Cassimeres at Bates & Bell's.

Williamson's Shop, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

Black Alpacas, the choice makes, at Bates & Bell's,

For Linen Goods, Bates & Bell's,

DIED.

McWHORTER—On Monday, September 6th, 1869, at Montgomery, Orange county, N. Y., SANDY McWHORTER.

[Notice of funeral in Wednesday morning's papers.]

HINDMAN—On Monday afternoon, 6th inst., JAMES HINDMAN, in the 54th year of his age.

[Funeral will take place on WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, from his late residence, Bedford avenue, Eighth ward. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.]

ARMSTRONG—On Sabbath evening, September 5th, at 11 o'clock, ANDREW ARMSTRONG, in the 76th year of his age.

[Funeral TO-MORROW (Tuesday) AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 19 James street, Third ward, Allegheny Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.]

NEILLIE—On Saturday, the 4th inst., at 7 o'clock P. M., ROBERT NEILLIE, SR.

Funeral from the First Reformed Presbyterian Church, Sandusky street, Allegheny City, on TUESDAY MORNING, 7th inst., at 10 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2 00 each.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob S. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
UNDERTAKERS,
No. 424 PENN STREET,
Carriages for Funerals, $2.00 Each.
COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at reduced rates. au7

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
NOW COMPLETE.
4e3

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

NEW GOODS!

Having just returned from the East with a splendid stock of
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